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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIAL

Omani minister denies needing foreign troops

By Farouk Laqman

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — Oman's minister of information says categorically that there are no foreign troops stationed in his country and that his government has not requested any.

"We do not need foreign troops," Abdul Aziz Al Rowass said in an interview with *Arab News* here.

The country is secure, in spite of the presence of foreign troops in neighboring South Yemen, and the defeat of the rebellion in Oman's Dhofar province has allowed the country to turn its attention to its own internal development.

During the late 1960s and early 1970s, when the Dhofar rebellion was at its height, a large contingent of Iranian troops fought alongside Oman's own army against the guerrillas, but those troops were withdrawn soon after the February revolution which toppled the Shah.

The threat from the Dhofar guerrillas, partially supported by South Yemen, was met with a series of military victories over the insurgents, and since then the province has undergone far-reaching changes, Al Rowass said.

Roads, hospitals, schools and gardens have been built since the end of the threat, he said, and the Dhofar area has been "remarkably quiet."

As a result of the Omani victory over the guerrillas, he said, Oman has now turned its attention to the broader questions of internal development and of the regional security of the states of the Gulf.

Gulf states must depend on their own

Saudi, Austrian ministers meet

VIENNA, Sept. 12 (R) — Defense and Information Minister Prince Sultan arrived in Vienna Wednesday for a four-day visit which will include a review of neutral Austria's military products.

Prince Sultan, who began talks with Austrian Defense Minister Otto Roessl shortly after his arrival, will attend a show of Austrian weapons, a government spokesman said.

The Saudi delegation arrived from Jeddah, where King Fahd is on a private visit.

Asked whether selling military equipment to Saudi Arabia would breach laws forbidding such exports to areas of tension, the Austrian government spokesman said: "Not at all."

"Saudi Arabia is not waging war with anybody," he said.

Armenians, rightists fight battle

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Armenian and rightist militia representatives met in Beirut Wednesday in an attempt to end three days of fighting in which up to 33 persons have died.

Delegates of the Armenian Tashnak party on the one hand, and Falangist and National Liberal parties on the other, met at the Armenian Greek Orthodox Patriarchate in the north-eastern suburb of Antelias.

The right-wing Falangist radio which reported 20 killed, said all sides had appealed to their men to stop fighting in Bourj Hammoud.

Earlier, the Armenians reported that the bodies of 15 of their persons kidnapped by the militias had been found.

According to one afternoon newspaper, 26 Armenians and seven Falangists have been killed in the past two days, and a number of people on both sides wounded or reported missing.

The militias are reported to have demanded the handing over of arms of those held captive.

Trouble spots have been sealed off by militiamen and main roads leading to them cut.

However, sporadic shooting and explosions were heard in the area Wednesday.

"We have so far found seven bodies," he said. "More of our kidnapped people could have been killed but we don't know of them yet."

Security sources and Armenian officials, however, said the clash was still under way between the Armenians and Falangist militiamen in the Armenian residential area of Bourj Hammoud.

The Armenians accused the Falangists of the "organized provocation when they invaded our area Monday evening with three jeep-loads of militiamen and .50-caliber machine guns."

Bomb hits restaurant

JERUSALEM, Sept. 12 (R) — Explosives damaged a restaurant in Jerusalem's open air market Wednesday, but police reports said there were no casualties.

Police cleared the restaurant and cordoned off the area in case of further explosions.

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PRESIDENTS LEAVE: Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi (left) and President Siad Barre of Somalia (center) left Nairobi Wednesday for their respective countries. Crown Prince Fahd, who held talks with the two presidents saw them off at the airport.

Strauss meets mayor

Israel expropriates more Palestinian land

Arab News
London Bureau

LONDON, Sept. 12 — Israel has in the last few days intensified its illegal and inhuman drive to expropriate Palestinian land in the occupied West Bank.

Agricultural areas totalling 25,665 dunums have been taken over and levelled by the occupying power. From Jenin in the north to the southern-most point in the West Bank, fertile fruit and olive growing lands are taken over to make room for more Israeli settlements. Trees are uprooted and existing buildings are razed to the ground.

The areas expropriated are: 1300 dunums in the area between Jenin and Nablus, where two settlements are to be built. One of these, it was learnt here, is to be called "Dothan." The Palestinian villages suffering from this most are Beit Qat and Araba.

16,000 dunums of privately owned agricultural land in the Tulkarm area.

In the Ramallah area 800 dunums of agricultural land have been confiscated to enlarge the Ofra Israeli settlement.

In the Jerusalem area 6765 dunums belonging to the villagers of Anata, five miles to the north east of Jerusalem, were taken over to complete the ring of settlements around Arab Jerusalem.

In the Bethlehem area 400 dunums belonging to the Hosan villagers were confiscated, as well as 800 dunums in the Khalil area, belonging to the villagers of Edna.

The land was to be used as a training area. Israeli military sources said that farmers would need permission to enter the zone but still could work their fields. Arabic newspaper

ers reported that the landowners would start legal action to block the Israeli move.

Meanwhile the Associated Press reported from Tel Aviv that U.S. Middle East envoy Robert Strauss held a half-hour meeting Tuesday with the mayor of Bethlehem, who spoke for nearly all West Bank Palestinians in saying he considered the proposed autonomy plan is dead one for the Palestinians.

Mayor Eliy Freij, expressing the general trend of West Bank thinking, again advocated full Palestinian independence, but he also said a Palestinian state could be confederated with Jordan.

Strauss, appearing to reject that idea, said the autonomy talks would be "our primary concern" for the next several months.

Strauss and Israeli Interior Minister Yosef Burg, head of the autonomy team, agreed that the talks had "progressed" but both said the tougher issues "remained" to be tackled.

They did not name these key issues, but they include the political future of Jerusalem's 100,000 Palestinians, Israeli settlements and whether the Palestinian council will have legislative powers or only administrative ones.

"I am aware that in a marathon race the second half is always harder than the first half," Burg told reporters after meeting Strauss.

As Strauss met the Israelis, Egyptians, Israeli and American working groups continued negotiations at a seaside hotel in Herzliya, 10 miles north of Tel Aviv. It is these groups Strauss wants to break up into smaller committees to work on more specific problems. He hoped the committees could make recommendations to the plenary — the political level — by the end of the year.



OMANI MINISTER: Information Minister Dr. Abdo Yamani bids his Omani counterpart Abd al-Aziz al Rowass farewell after a short visit to the Kingdom.

Israel asks U.S. to double aid

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (R) — Israel has asked the United States for \$3.45 billion in aid next year, almost double the present figure.

The Israeli request, formally presented by Ambassador Ephraim Evron Tuesday, consists of \$1.85 billion in military aid and \$1.6 billion in economic aid.

Israel this year received \$1.8 billion in aid, two thirds of the \$2.5 billion it requested.

Evron said Secretary of State Cyrus Vance promised to give the request a sympathetic examination. He said Israel needed additional economic aid to pay for oil following

the handover of the Alma oilfields to Egypt and world price increases.

The figure for military aid was based on U.S. recommendations for Israel's minimal hardware needs in the coming year, he added.

Israeli sources said they "doubted" the Carter administration would grant the full request, which covers the year beginning September, 1980. It was submitted because it reflected what Israel regarded as its real needs, they added.

Defense Minister Ezer Weizman will discuss Israel's arms purchases with Defense Secretary Harold Brown and Secretary of State Cyrus Vance Tuesday and Friday.

Passengers of hijacked plane freed

COLOGNE, Sept. 12 (R) — A hijacker holding a West German airman at Cologne Airport released all the captive passengers Wednesday night, an airport spokesman said.

The hijacker was still aboard the Lufthansa Boeing 727 with the crew of eight.

About 120 passengers were allowed to leave the aircraft which was commanded Wednesday during a flight to Cologne from Frankfurt and Paris.

The spokesman said the hijacker was a young German dressed in black who walked

into the cockpit shortly after takeoff from Frankfurt feigning sickness.

He told a stewardess no one would be hurt if his wishes were obeyed.

A West German radio report said the man made a number of political demands, which took him over half an hour to read. He has also demanded to talk to Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and present his demands on television.

Officials earlier said there were two hijackers.

Israel condemned

Saudi-Kenya body created

TAIF, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Kenya Wednesday joined Saudi Arabia in condemning Israeli aggression and calling for the immediate withdrawal of Israeli forces from all Arab territories occupied since 1967.

The declaration, issued as Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi left here for Nairobi, is significant because Kenya has in the past maintained close unofficial ties with Israel.

The official communiqué, marking the end of four days of talks between Crown Prince Fahd and Moi, condemned "savage Israeli aggression against Southern Lebanon" and appealed for international action to halt Israeli attacks.

Moi arrived here Sunday as the first Kenyan head of state ever to visit the Kingdom, and his visit resulted in the first establishment of a joint economic commission between the Kingdom and an African state.

The commission, whose formation was announced prior to the issuance of Wednesday's main communiqué, will deal with economic and trade relationships between the two states.

Kenya imports large quantities of Arab oil, and in turn is a major exporter of meat, dairy products, and other produce to the Kingdom and other Arab states.

Moi expressed his appreciation and admiration for the "constructive efforts that are being made by Saudi Arabia in the pursuit of peace and economic stability."

During his visit here, which paralleled one by Somali President Siad Barre, it had been expected that the two would try and resolve differences over territorial claims Somalia has made on Kenya.

In the joint Saudi-Kenyan communiqué published as Moi flew home, the two officials

Arafat in Madrid today

Jackson plans PLO talks

CHICAGO, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — The Reverend Jesse Jackson has said that he plans to meet soon with Palestinian Leader Yasser Arafat "to contribute as a private citizen and intermediary" to help resolve the Middle East conflict.

In a statement, Jackson, national president of Operation PUSH (People United to Save Humanity), said we would set a time and place for the meeting as soon as he receives a written invitation from the Palestine Liberation Organization for the proposed conference.

Reached by telephone in Denver, the black civil rights leader would not divulge on the proposed meeting, saying "our offices are in contact, trying to work out the details."

On Monday, Congressman Paul Findley of Illinois revealed that he was contacted by Mahmoud Labadi, an Arafat deputy, who suggested such a meeting. Labadi told Findley that Arafat was interested in meeting with Jackson at an unspecified time and location, but indicated the meeting probably would take place in the next month outside the United States.

In his statement, Jackson said PUSH, a Chicago-based civil rights organization, "is concerned about both the security of Israel and the human rights of the Palestinians."

Jackson was alluding to the U.S. State Department's policy of not talking to PLO representatives because the guerrilla group is committed to the destruction of Israel. It was a violation of that policy that led to the resignation last month of U.N. Ambassador Andrew Young, which, in turn, touched off a sometimes bitter controversy between American Jews and Blacks.

At that time, Jackson vigorously defended Young and urged American blacks to reassess their role in foreign policy.

Meanwhile Arafat was due to arrive in Madrid Thursday on his first visit to a Western European country at the invitation of a government, official sources said Wednesday.

Arafat is expected to discuss the Middle East with Premier Adolfo Suarez and will also see Foreign Minister Mario Oreja. He is due to leave on Saturday.

EEC 'urges' protection of Lebanon's integrity

DUBLIN, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Foreign ministers of the European Common Market countries have urged all concerned in southern Lebanon to refrain from action likely to infringe the country's integrity and its government's authority.

A statement issued by the Nine at the end of a one-day meeting in Dublin called upon all parties to assist fully the operation of the United Nations Force in Southern Lebanon (UNIFIL) which includes Dutch and Irish troops.

The statement did not specifically mention Israel or any Lebanese or Palestinian faction by name.

It said, "concerned to avoid an escalation of violence which risks bringing in a new conflict in the Middle East, the Nine make a solemn and urgent appeal without exception to all countries and parties concerned that they refrain from all acts likely to infringe the integrity of Lebanon and the authority of its government."

The decision by the ministers at their "political co-operation" conference in Dublin Castle came on the eve of the arrival Wednesday of an Israeli governmental delegation for talks with Irish foreign affairs officials.

Each of the Common Market nations is under consistent pressure from oil-producing countries to back the Palestinians in their fight against Israel.

"The owners will be brought to court, and if the court finds they are entitled to the money from the sale of the meat, it will be given to them," Jaffee said.

Israelis kill villagers' sheep

TEL AVIV, Sept. 12 (R) — A group of Palestinian villagers on the occupied West Bank have complained that the Israelis slaughtered their sheep.

Israeli officials said the flock was confiscated after being found grazing on cultivated land inside Israel.

The villagers, from Jaber near Hebron, protested to the Israeli military authorities that 306 sheep and 25 goats had been loaded onto trucks and taken away for slaughter.

The director of the Israeli Nature Preservation Authority, Abraham Jaffee, told Reuters that the villagers had been warned several times to stop the flocks from straying into cultivated areas.

"The owners will be brought to court, and if the court finds they are entitled to the money from the sale of the meat, it will be given to them," Jaffee said.

*In Sarajevo***Kingdom gives \$ 2.5 m to mosque repair**

MECCA, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Saudi Arabia has given \$ 2.5 million to restore Khusru Pek Mosque in Sarajevo, in Yugoslavia.

It has also given SR1 million for restoration and repair work at Kowloon mosque in Hong Kong.

An official from the Mecca-based Muslim World League said Wednesday that the government also gave SR170,000 to build a mosque and a school in Brazil.

It also gave SR100,000 for the renovation of Al-Faqih Abdul Rahman Ba Bakr Said mosque in Sudan, and SR50,000 for the construction of a mosque at Irbid, in

Jordan. In other Saudi championship of Islam, Minister of Information Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani will fly to London Saturday to attend the preparatory seminar on Jerusalem, opening in London Monday. He will also attend meetings of the six-member committee set up by the Arab Information Ministers Conference held in Baghdad last January.

The committee is made up of Saudi Arabia, Syria, Jordan, Iraq, Tunisia and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

And at home, the fencing of the Eid Prayer area in Al-Khobar has been awarded to a Saudi firm. It will cost SR768,500. Repairing the Grand Mosque in Dharan has been contracted to a Saudi firm for SR789,125.

The Jerusalem seminar, prompted by intensive Arab and Islamic efforts, is aimed at familiarizing world public opinion with the Jerusalem problem.

Compensation approved

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — The government has approved SR300 million in compensation for people whose properties have been or are to be expropriated in Medina in 1979 to 1980. A further SR900 million will be approved shortly.

Compensation for people in

Jeddah, Mecca and Riyadh will be submitted to the government for endorsement.

The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs has instructed mayors to report on what compensation should be offered people as soon as possible.

Naif punishes crooked traders

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Interior Minister Prince Naif has punished five merchants for violating supply regulations. After a report from Minister of Commerce, four traders from Riyadh and one from Jeddah were fined a total of SR 17,000. They were also ordered to publish their punishment in a local newspaper at their own expense.

Their offenses were not marking goods with fixed prices and charging inflated prices.

Kingdom's war on drugs explained to conference

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — A Saudi narcotics official addressed delegates at recent international symposium on the methods used in Saudi Arabia for combating drug addiction. They have resulted in the lowest incidence of addiction in the world.

The Director of the Narcotics Department at the Interior Ministry, Maj. Mahmud Al-Qathami told the International Conference on Addiction in the United States that strong religious faith combined with a stern penal code based on the Sharia have reduced

the incidence of drug habit to the lowest on record anywhere in the world.

His department, he said, controlled all points of entry into the country and made sure that smuggling drugs was both very difficult and very risky for the smugglers. Saudi farmers are prohibited from cultivating any narcotics.

Most of the narcotics seized by customs officers at ports and airports are brought in by African travellers, especially during the pilgrimage.

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — A 16-man mission arranged by the Birmingham Chamber of Commerce will visit Saudi Arabia from September 14 to 27, the British Embassy here announced Wednesday.

Last year British sales of machinery and transport equipment to Saudi Arabia were valued at £420 million. Major machinery exports include earthmoving and mineral processing machines, aircraft and stationary engines, pumps, lifting and loading machinery and forklift trucks. The development of agriculture and food processing in Saudi Arabia is assisted by substantial imports of British tractors and processing equipment.

In the electrical field Britain supplied machinery and equipment worth £302 million last year. Major items included generating sets, switchgear, cable, telecommunications apparatus and measuring and control instruments.

Saudi Arabia is a substantial importer of British vehicles, aircraft and other transport equipment. Supplies last year cost more than £118 million, and the total this year is likely to be higher.

Recent contracts have covered the supply of specialist airport crash and firefighting vehicles, waste disposal trucks and Land-Rover vehicles equipped as mobile X-ray screening units.

Other major Saudi purchases include industrial materials and components for use in industry, construction and agriculture.

GOODBYE : Sheikh Ahmad Al-Mubarak of the Islamic Affairs Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs shakes hands with Sir John Wilton, the British ambassador, at a farewell dinner for Sir John at the Kandara Hotel Tuesday night. Between them is Muhammad Said Basrawi, the head of the Islamic Affairs Department. Sir John leaves on Sept. 16.

*From Birmingham***Group rides in on U.K. trade wave**

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Pilgrims' water action taken

TAIF, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Acting Governor of Mecca Prince Sabion Abdul Mohsen, on the instructions of King Khaled, is intensifying contacts with water officials in Pilgrimage areas to ensure sufficient supply of drinking water this year.

Buses to roll in Taif

TAIF, Sept. 12 (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian Public Transport Company will start its first bus service in the Western Region on Saturday. It will link Taif with Al-Hawaya airport, flying in a flight schedules. Each ticket will cost SR4. The company will be operating in Mecca within a couple of weeks.

Pakistani labor minister coming

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — Lt. Gen. F.A. Chisti, Pakistani minister of labor and manpower, arrives here Thursday on a five-day visit. He will be accompanied by Brig. M. M. Afzal Khan, managing director of Pakistan's Overseas Employment Corporation and director general of the Bureau of Emigration.

Extra post boxes available

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — Western Region Director General of Post Abdul Aziz Hasabullah said Wednesday that 3,000 post boxes will be let to banks, organizations and individuals throughout the region who receive a large amount of mail. On top of the seven thousand boxes will be made available in Jeddah.

The initial subscription fee will be SR305, and boxes will be renewed for SR300 every six months.

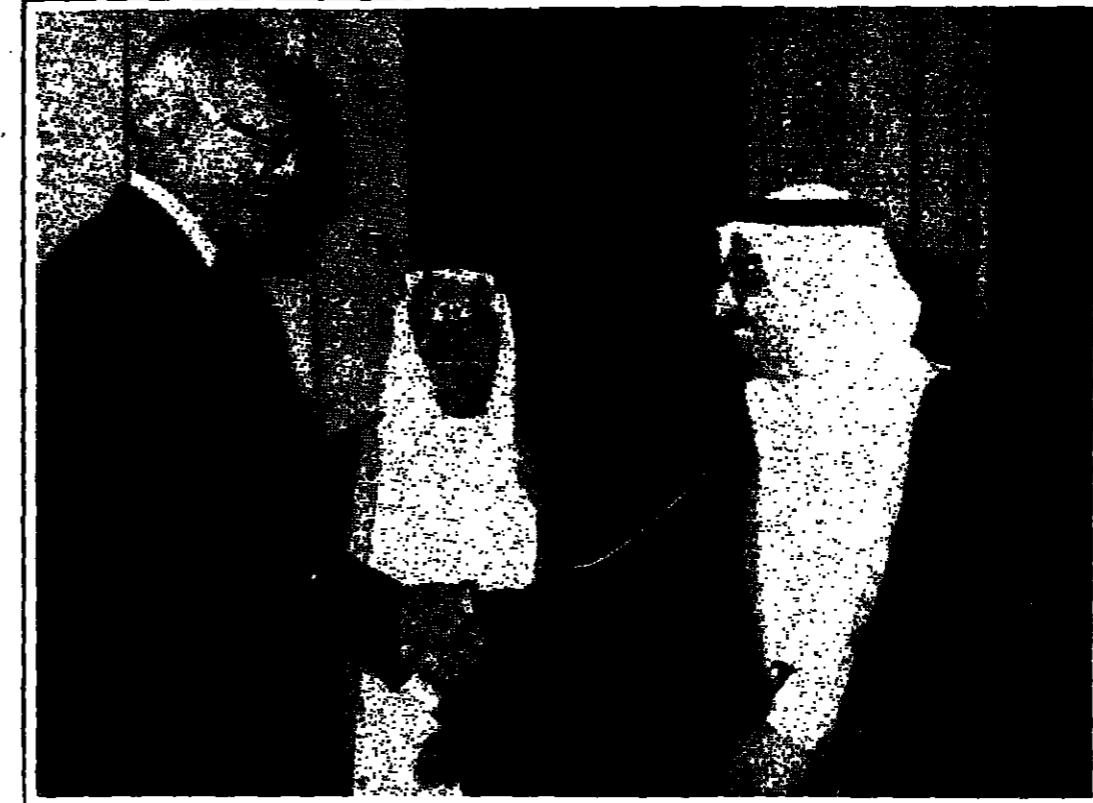
Two post offices will be opened in University Square and Mecca road to bring up to 13 number of post offices in Jeddah.

In Dammam, the Second Posts Institute is preparing a weeks training course for post officers. It starts Saturday.

They will be given English language lessons and training advanced postal management.

The General Directorate of Posts also announced that postal training institutes in Riyadh, Jeddah and Dammam will accept applications until June.

Applicants should be intermediate school leaving certificate and be between 14 and 25 years old. They should guarantee to work in the after graduation.



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With four others

Afghanistan rebels kill leading army commander

KABUL, Sept. 12 (AP) — Afghan guerrillas killed an important army commander last Saturday, following what may have been the Soviet-backed regime's greatest victory over Muslim rebels in months, reliable Afghan sources said.

The defeat of entrenched rebels in the 70-kilometer-long Panjshir valley, north of Kabul, was so complete that it touched off a fury of rumors last week that Afghan rebels had resorted to chemical warfare.

President Nur Muhammad Taraki, the eastward jutting handle of Parwan province, has been held for three months by Muslim tribesmen fighting to topple Taraki's regime.

In an unrelated incident, the commanding officer of the elite corps was killed in a guerrilla ambush along with three senior guards and the driver of his jeep in Loghar province, west of the Afghan capital, the sources said.

The sources, who asked not to be identified because of continuing rough treatment of rebels and foreign diplomats, said killing of the Hazara has been the bloodiest and most systematic of the reprisals against rebel sympathizers.

"Does the world know the extent of the carnage that has been

going on here?" asked an Asian diplomat. "No, because there has been a blanket of secrecy, compounded by rumor."

"It is not clear whether there are racial overtones or not, but the Hazara comprise a distinct minority who have traditionally suffered discrimination in Afghanistan," an area specialist said.

Meanwhile, Afghan and foreign diplomatic sources said that government troops recently massacred Hazara tribesmen, members of a racial and religious minority in the landlocked central Asian country.

"Hazara have been lined up against walls and gunned down by soldiers simply because their village was believed to have fed or harbored rebels," said one source, quoting eyewitnesses.

Thousands were believed to have been massacred in this manner, the sources told the Associated Press.

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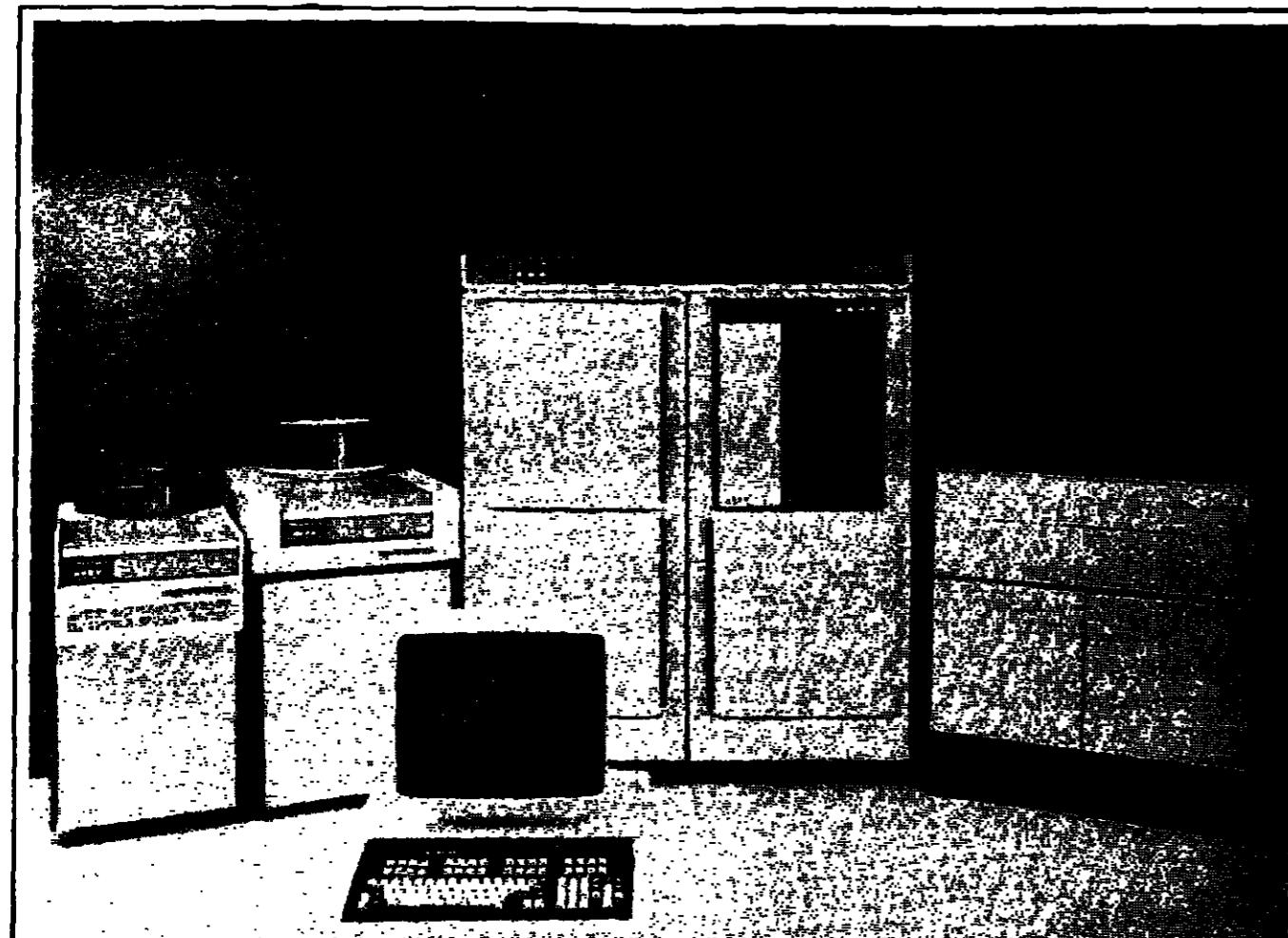
On sabotage charges

2 Germans get 10 years in Israel

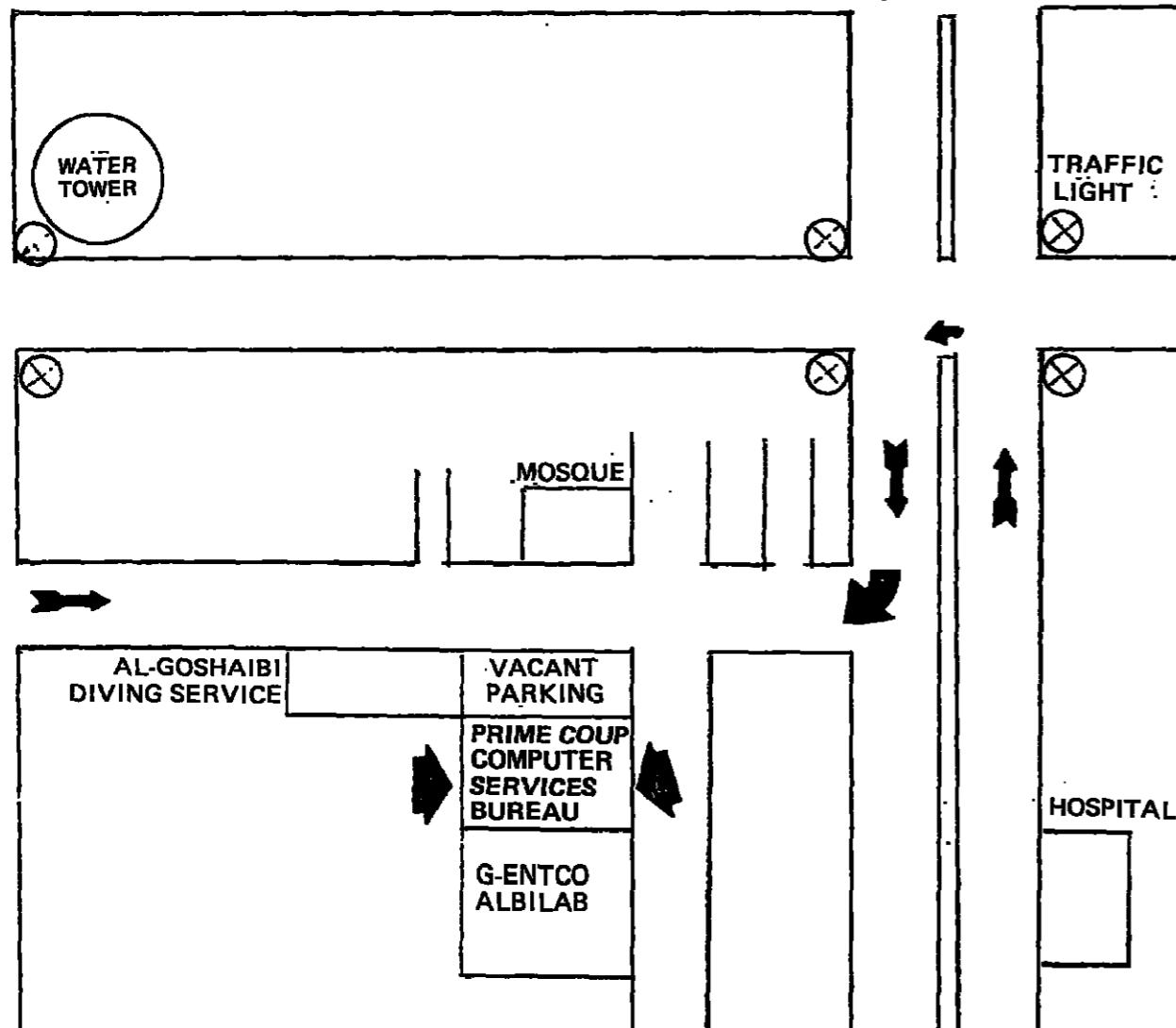
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Eanes dissolves parliament Lisbon to hold vote Dec. 2

LISBON, Sept. 12 (R) — General elections will be held in Portugal Dec. 2 under a decree signed Tuesday by President Antonio Ramalho Eanes.

The decree also dissolved the current parliament.

The elections, the second since the April 1974 coup ended nearly half a century of right-wing dictatorship, have been called a year early in an effort to solve a continuing political crisis.

The Portuguese electorate will have to go to the polls again in 1980 under the present terms of the constitution.

The presidential decision was communicated to Prime Minister Maria de Lourdes Pintasigo, the speaker of parliament and the 19-man military Council of the Revolution, Portugal's constitu-

tional watchdog.

The presidency said Eanes would address the nation on radio and television Wednesday night.

The election will usher in Portugal's 12th government since young officers seized power in the almost bloodless "flower revolution" five years ago.

The 1976 elections were indecisive with the Socialist emerging as the strongest party but without a majority in the 263-seat parliament.

Socialist leader Mario Soares refused to enter into any alliances and managed to govern until December 1977 when a motion of confidence in his economic policies was rejected, forcing him to resign.

The opposition parties failed to agree to a suitable alternative to

the Socialists and in early 1978 Eanes again asked Soares to try to form a government.

The Socialists secured a majority by bringing conservatives into the government but the uneasy alliance collapsed and Eanes dismissed the Socialist premier.

Eanes chose a non-party technocrat, Alfredo Nobre da Costa as premier to succeed Soares but his government fell after 17 days when parliament rejected its program.

Eanes' next choice was former Social Democrat law professor Carlos Mota Minto.

But he also resigned after the economy got worse. And last month Portugal's first woman prime minister, Miss Pintasigo, was sworn in by the president to govern the country until the elec-



President Ramalho Eanes

tions.

The outgoing parliament contained 104 Socialists, 42 Center-Right Social Democrats (PSD), 40 conservative Center Democrats (CDS), 40 Communists, 31 PSD dissidents calling themselves the Independent Social Democratic Action Group.

Venda born against big odds

South Africa creates 3rd black 'homeland'



Pieter Botha

THOYOYANDOU, Venda, Sept. 12 (AP) — South Africa ushers its third black homeland to independence Thursday with the admission that Venda faces a "long uphill struggle" for economic self-sufficiency and international recognition.

At the helm of Africa's tiniest nation is Chief Patrick Mphephu, twice beaten in popular elections this decade but in power nonetheless through backing from chiefs and headmen and the detention of political opponents.

The white-minority South African government of Prime Minister Pieter Botha, pushing ahead with a development plan that assigns its 19 million black majority to 10 scattered homelands, organized two weeks of celebrations to honor the independence of two blocks of land in a jigsaw pattern, tucked away in its northeast corner.

South African taxpayers paid about \$20 million to outfit Thoyoyandou (head of the Elephant) with new parliament buildings, houses for the ministers, a stadium, prison and pickle factory — plunking down an oasis of modernity amidst rolling green hills dotted with clusters of conical mud houses.

The capital has the only paved roads in Venda.

South Africa will carry \$37 million of the Venda national budget.

The landlocked nation will raise another \$7 million through its limited fruit, tea and forestry industries, while the exploitation of coal resources is expected to boost the economy in the future.

Though highly fertile, Venda must continue to import at least 50 per cent of its food since maize, a staple of the diet, isn't grown here. About 67 per cent of the economically active men are expected to continue working in South Africa.

The 500,000 Venda citizens, including 150,000 living outside the country, also will be tied to the white minority government in Pretoria through defense matters.

The South African defense force retained a narrow strip of land along the Limpopo River to prevent the infiltration of guerril-

las from neighboring Zimbabwe Rhodesia, and will continue to use the Madimo air base here after independence.

Critics argue that Venda's dependent status won't change and that Mphephu is merely a tool for Pretoria.

Informed Vendas said that up until a month ago, white South Africans seated behind the ministers in the national assembly slipped them written responses to questions from the floor.

"One of the challenges (for an independent Venda) will probably be a long uphill struggle to gain international recognition, without which Venda will not have access to international development organizations, whose expertise and other assistance may be of benefit to Venda in its bid to attain a relatively progressive rate of economic development," the government says.

Repudiates violence

Mrs. Peron hits at junta on human rights



HUMAN RIGHTS: Former Argentine President Isabel Peron appears here with Peronists before she was overthrown in 1976. Mrs. Peron who has been under house arrest since Tuesday denounced the military junta that rules Argentina for its bad human rights record and its intolerance of political activity.

dro Lanusse have also spoken publicly about human rights after meeting with the commission.

Political activity has been suspended since the armed forces seized power and moved to end left-wing terrorism, political corruption and rampant inflation.

The terrorists have been beaten, but thousands of persons are missing or imprisoned without charge.

"I repudiate violence and crime and I would never justify the subjugation of the rights of man, regardless of ideology ... It is not

legitimate to respond to crime with crime," she said.

Mrs. Peron said human rights "can become a reality only when the people can participate freely in social and political affairs to decide their destiny."

The Argentine people are today impeded from exercising their right to decide their form of political organization. This is what worries me.

"My arrest," added the titular head of Argentina's biggest political movement, "is a consequence of what I represent."

In his statement, Livingston who was president in 1970 and 1971, defended the military's repressive measures against terrorism and complained that Argentina "continued to be systematically assaulted" verbally by "exiled subversives."

"I hope the commission will understand the differences between the Marxist aggression that Argentina suffered and the oppression to which governments of a totalitarian nature submit their political opposition," Livingston said after his interview Tuesday.

Lanusse, who overthrew Livingston to make way for the 1973 elections won by the Peronists, called last Saturday for a "collective attitude of strength and understanding" to reconcile the military and its supporters with the families of suspects unjustly imprisoned or killed in the guerrilla war.

In an unusually bold statement, issued Tuesday night, Peronist leader Deolindo Bittel said "we cannot accept that the struggle against a terrorist minority, in which we also have been victims, has become an excuse to introduce the terrorism of the state."

Protesters' problem to be discussed

Peking public debate to reassess Mao

PEKING, Sept. 12 (AP) — A new poster appeared Wednesday on "Democracy Wall" announcing a mass meeting Thursday in Tien An Men Square to discuss the sensitive question of assessing the importance of the late Chairman Mao Tse-tung.

About 35 ragged protesters, meanwhile, returned to China's

government headquarters and renewed their sit-in at the gates that bears the words "serve the people". The protesters, demanding jobs and justice, had been ejected last Saturday, ending a 12-day sit-in. The government announced it would help solve their problem.

The large pink wall poster also said the discussion would cover the problems of the protesters. Funds would be raised to help them.

The most significant and potentially volatile topic, however, was the public reappraisal of the "great helmsman."

Mao was depicted as infallible and his every word acquired great importance, but China's moderate leadership is very carefully re-evaluating Mao, dismantling his myth and reminding the people that he made mistakes.

Last November several thousand gathered in Tien An Men Square to criticize the "Gang of Four" and Mao, too, came under attack.

The poster said, "There will be an academic discussion on what is the direction for China how to implement the four modernizations."

It said the discussion would have five parts: "How to evaluate the contribution of Mao; how to apply the standard of truth; What kind of socialist country is the People's Republic of China; discussion of the poor people's sit-in and questions concerning the 70th anniversary of the death of Chairman Mao."

Xinhua said Fang expressed sympathy for those who had been persecuted under China's former radical leaders, although it gave no details of what happened to them.

China to honor intellectuals, official says

TOKYO, Sept. 12 (AP) — Chinese Vice Premier Fang Yi has thanked scientists who came home from abroad and promised them the 1966-1976 "persecution of intellectuals can never be repeated," Xinhua news agency has reported.

Xinhua said Fang Saturday hosted nearly two dozen scientists who had returned from the United States, Japan and other countries to work in China. He asked their opinions on China's modernization drive and urged them to take the lead in innovation, it said.

Fang praised them for giving up comfortable living and working conditions abroad, Xinhua reported in a dispatch Tuesday.

"You have made a great contribution to the country's science, education and economic construction. We hope you will continue to shoulder this glorious task in the new long march," Xinhua quoted Fang as saying.

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China's leaders also are pursuing a press campaign urging people to "liberate the mind" and shake off old dogmas — a reference to the gospel of Mao and of

the "Gang of Four."

The People's Daily, which reflects the thinking of pragmatic Vice Premier Deng Xiaoping, also wrote articles on the "standard of truth." It urged people to "seek truth from facts" and present experience and not to rely on the past.

The poster said, "There apparently is some interference in political movements."

Ugandans seen promising to free impounded convoy

KAMPALA, Sept. 12 (R) — Uganda has agreed in principle to release a convoy carrying United Nations food aid to southern Sudan which has been impounded since July, diplomats have said.

A United Nations Development Program (UNDP) official last week said there would be no shipment of emergency supplies to Uganda until the trucks were allowed to continue their journey from Kenya to Sudan.

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Condolences pour in

Angola preaches vigilance as it mourns Neto's death

LISBON, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Angola's communist officials called on their countrymen to "maintain discipline and militant vigilance" late Tuesday as the search began for a successor to President Agostinho Neto.

Angola, Portugal's national news agency, "reported here Wednesday Neto's Ruling MPLA Party issued a nationwide announcement from the capital Luanda exhorting the national workforce to "maintain discipline and militant vigilance to truly honor the memory of President Agostinho Neto with dignity."

Neto, aged 56, died in a Moscow hospital Monday following surgery for a cancerous pancreas. The President, a poet and physician, well known for his powers of soft-spoken persuasion, had led the oil-rich African nation unrivaled at the end of a three way civil war in 1976, a year after the country received independence from Portugal.

Sources in Portugal, which places high priority on improving relations with the South African, indicated two contenders for the vacant presidency could be Defense Minister Iko Carreira and MPLA Secretary-General Lucio Lara.

Both men were considered intimates of Neto's and principal members of his liberal faction within the party. Carreira is believed to have the full support of the army, which is backed up by Cuban units and German advisors, while the MPLA party structure is thought to favor Lara.

Neto was reported to have brought his government more closely under MPLA reigns in the past few months. The agency earlier reported Planning Minister Jose Eduardo Dos Santos, left to lead the government in Neto's absence, had been picked as interim president following the official announcement Tuesday of the leader's death.

Senior African diplomats said many of the late President's colleagues who went to Moscow before the announcement of his

death at the age of 56, were preparing to return to Luanda with the body.

In a message of condolence, President Leonid Brezhnev and the Soviet leadership paid tribute to President Neto, a close ally of the Kremlin, as an outstanding statesman and one of the prominent leaders of the international revolutionary movement.

"The people will always remember Agostinho Neto ... as a tireless and consistent fighter for a happy future for all mankind," the message said.

The message was also signed by Prime Minister Alexei Kosygin who is on an official visit to Ethiopia.

Diplomats expected Kosygin to travel on the Luanda for the funeral.

Neto, who became President in 1975 after leading a long guerrilla war against his country's Portuguese rulers, arrived in Moscow last Thursday on what was officially described as a friendly visit.

Announcing his death, the Soviet news agency Tass said President Neto had been suffering from acute liver disease and underwent surgery by top Soviet doctors which revealed an inoperable cancer of the pancreas.

Neto, whose government enjoyed the support of Cuban troops in its war with opposition guerrillas, first came to Moscow in October 1976. During that visit he signed a friendship treaty which symbolized Angola's strong links with the Soviet Union.

Among the many tributes, was one from Portugal, once the colonial ruler of Angola.

President Antonio Ramalho Eanes of Portugal said the world had lost an exceptional statesman.

General Eanes said he had lost someone with whom he had personal links and whose contribution to inter-African relations had reached an exceptional level.

In the United Nations, U.S. Ambassador Donald McHenry paid tribute to Neto of Angola as a true nationalist.

McHenry added: "In my dealings with President Neto and his

Addis reportedly assured of more Russian support

and international affairs.

Kosygin arrived Monday for the anniversary of the revolution in 1974.

The radio quoted the *Ethiopian Herald*, the government's English-language daily, in a report on a speech by Kosygin Monday night.

The newspaper said the Soviet premier attached great importance to further strengthening of Soviet-Ethiopian cooperation.

Kosygin reportedly described the eastern African country as in the first rank of opponents to imperialism and colonialism.



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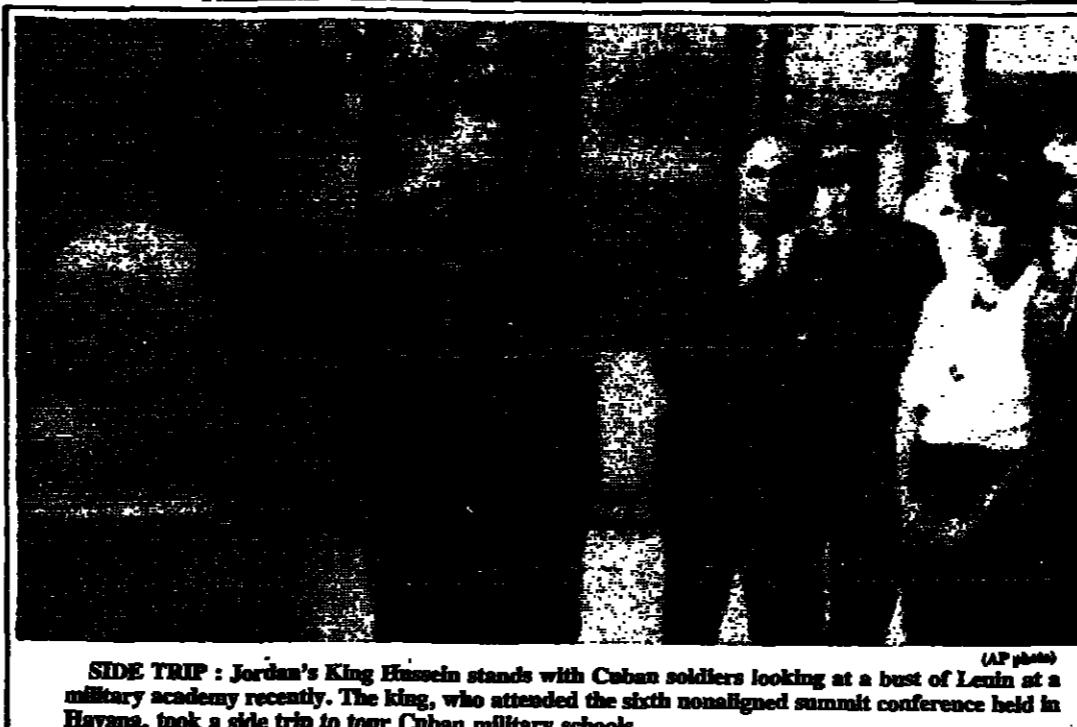
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The gap between foes is too big

El Salvador's ticking time bomb

SAN SALVADOR, Sept. 12 (AP) — Tensions between the government and an increasingly bolder leftist element are tight in this tiny Central American republic.

The gap between right and left, rich and poor, has widened so much that many feel violence is inevitable.

What has driven El Salvador to the brink of such violence?

Here are answers to some of the more common questions:

Q: What is the unrest in El Salvador all about?

A: During 47-years under a string of military governments, a small group of the 4.5 million people here has gained control of most of the money and land. The military governments have bolstered the fortunes of this tiny elite and have often been ruthless in crushing dissent.

This, plus widespread charges of fraud during the past two presidential elections, has driven activists workers, students and peasants to the extreme left and caused them to look to drastic measures to change the system.

Q: Who are the leftists and what do they want?

A: Most are workers, students and peasants joined in a myriad of organizations, some of which are vaguely linked together.

All the groups want to replace the current military-backed government of Gen. Carlos Humberto Romero with a Marxist one, but finer points of ideology and method remain in dispute. When the big push comes, "our common struggle will draw us together," a spokesman for one of the groups said.

Q: Are their members communists?

A: Some are. Groups which do not openly embrace the Communist Party preach a Marxist-Leninist line.

Q: Is the government doing anything to ease the tension?

A: Yes, but it claims that no matter what it does, the leftists want power, not peace, and will continue their fight to topple the

regime.

Last month, Romero announced that free and unimpeded congressional and mayoral elections would be held next March and that the government would tolerate a civilian president if one were elected when his term expires in 1982. Opposition politicians, both radical and moderate, have expressed doubts about this with many saying they have no faith in Romero's intent to carry out the promises.

The government has taken a softer approach toward dissent in recent months and has ignored demonstrations and occupations of churches that it might have fired on earlier. Most major churches are occupied by leftists and 10 industrial plants are held by striking workers. Management officials are being held hostage in five of them. But the government has made no move to intervene.

A five-year program of "well-being for all" is underway to build more schools and public housing units and to redistribute land. As of now, an estimated 60 per cent of the arable land is held by 2 per cent of the people.

Radio stations are running a steady string of government announcements, accompanied by soft guitar music and an assuring voice, listing the progress made toward these goals.

Only time will tell if enough can be done soon enough to defuse the situation in El Salvador. And time, say the leftists, is about up.

Frederic threatens Southwestern region of the United States

MIAMI, Sept. 12 (AP) — Hurricane Frederic, described as "extremely dangerous," roared toward the Gulf Coast Wednesday with winds of 130 mph and at least 170,000 persons were ordered evacuated in three states.

Forecasters warned it could become the most vicious hurricane to hit the area since Camille caused widespread death and destruction a decade ago.

Civil defense officials said about 100,000 people were being evacuated along the Mississippi Gulf coast where Camille left 250 dead and millions of dollars in damage in 1969.

In neighboring Alabama, another 70,000 were ordered to leave and urged to go to about 40 emergency shelters set up at schools and National Guard armories in Mobile and Baldwin County.

The National Guard was called out in the Florida Panhandle and schools were closed in three states.

One man was killed and another was reported missing as 2,500 offshore oilfield workers were leaving rigs in the path of the storm.

At 1200 GMT, Frederic was about 82 kilometers south of Pensacola, Florida, near latitude 27.6 North, Longitude 87.3 West. The storm was moving northwest at 20 mph and was expected to remain on that course most of the day.

The National Hurricane Center in Miami said Frederic was "one of the most intense hurricanes to threaten the Central Gulf Coast during this century."

The storm, picking up strength, was approaching No. 4 on the National Hurricane Center's 1-5 rating scale. Camille, one of the two strongest U.S. storms this century, was a No. 5, a "catastrophic" hurricane. It took 256 lives.

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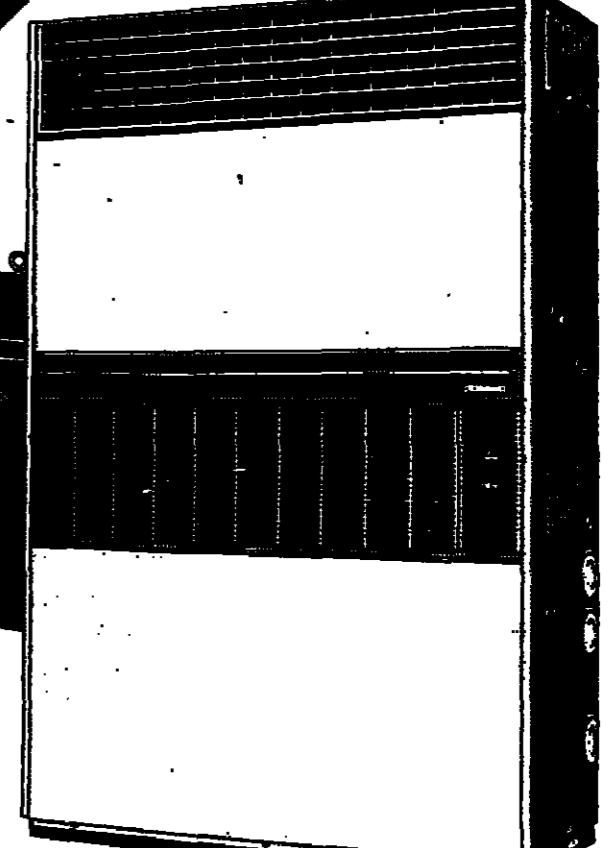
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A SHEEP STORY

For centuries, villagers all over the world have raised herds of sheep for their livelihood. There's nothing special about raising sheep and little that is controversial. They supply meat, wool and milk, all important ingredients of daily life.

Except, it seems, in Israel. There, officials say, sheep are "a source of grave threat to cultivated areas."

Israeli officials admit that a flock of 306 sheep and 25 goats belonging to Palestinian villagers near Hebron have been confiscated and taken to the slaughter-house.

The only crime, it seems, is that the sheep and goats were found grazing one day on "Israeli land".

In other countries, the problem of sheep straying into farmers' fields to graze is not new. But elsewhere, it usually has a different solution. There, strong fences have been found to be an effective deterrent.

But in Israel, as it is in so many matters, things are different.

The villagers were warned several times, Israeli authorities say, to make certain their sheep and goats stayed away from fields under cultivation.

But the sheep and goats, no doubt attracted by the greenery in the fields, and undeterred by any fences or other barricades, took it upon themselves to follow the call of nature and graze where the grass was lushest.

This was natural. The Israeli response was not.

Preservation of nature is a noble cause. So is a farmer's right to raise his crops without having them eaten by sheep, birds, locusts, or whatever. But there are ways to protect crops short of killing sheep.

Israel's founding philosophy has always emphasized the Zionization of the land it occupies, even to the extent of driving out its former occupants.

Those who have remained, in spite of it all, have had their lands seized, been banned from travel, have been forced off the land — in short, have been given every inducement possible to leave the country.

The Israeli authorities have generously told the villagers that after they are taken to court on a charge of illegally grazing their sheep, and sentence is passed, they may be paid for the value of the slaughtered mutton.

But a flock of sheep is more than meat on the hoof. It is wool for clothes, dairy products for daily meals, and occasionally a lamb or ewe for a feast. Above all, it is a living thing, reproducing itself to provide future generations of villagers with a livelihood as well.

By killing the flock — no matter what is paid as compensation — the Israelis have deprived a village of its life, and in doing so they have given the villagers a powerful incentive to join the millions of Palestinian refugees.

Somewhere in the telling of this tale there lies a message. Is it one of Israeli concern for the sanctity of a farmer's field, or did the authorities have something else in mind when they killed the sheep?

Heat on Dayan for talks with Palestinians

By Arie Haskel

TEL AVIV —

Prominent supporters of Prime Minister Menahem Begin's coalition government are asking how much longer he will tolerate Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, who again incurred their wrath when he travelled to Gaza last week for a meeting with a leading PLO supporter.

Dayan did not consult Begin and, according to the man he met — Gaza physician and one-time speaker of the Palestinian Parliament there, Dr. Haidir Abdel Shafi — their "wide-ranging and largely theoretical" discussion included such matters as whether the borders between a Palestinian State and Israel should be open.

(Shafi has twice been exiled from Gaza, on Moshe Dayan's orders, for supporting the PLO.)

Some of Dayan's critics have been saying that they see little difference between his behavior and that of Andrew Young. One of the Foreign Minister's Cabinet colleagues, who asked not to be named, described his behavior as "weird, egotistical and dangerous."

The chairman of the Parliamentary Foreign Affairs and Defense Committee, Professor Moshe Arens, said that Dayan had once again "shot from the hip and in the wrong direction." He could see no justification for such a meeting, since the views of the PLO and its supporters were well known.

The Foreign Minister himself described the meeting as "very useful," saying he had learned new things about the thinking of Palestinians in the administered Areas. He insisted he would continue holding such conversations.

Briefing Foreign Ministry department heads the next day, Dayan told them that he was convinced that autonomy could not work without the cooperation of the Palestinians, who would have to be persuaded to drop their rejection of the Israeli-Egyptian peace process.

According to Shafi, Dayan told him that Egypt wished to launch autonomy as a pilot project in the Gaza Strip, although it could also be applied in the West Bank. Dayan wanted to know which Gazans Shafi thought might be prepared to take part in autonomy talks.

The physician says he told Dayan he knows of no such people, since the entire Gaza Strip has made clear its absolute rejection of the Camp David accords.

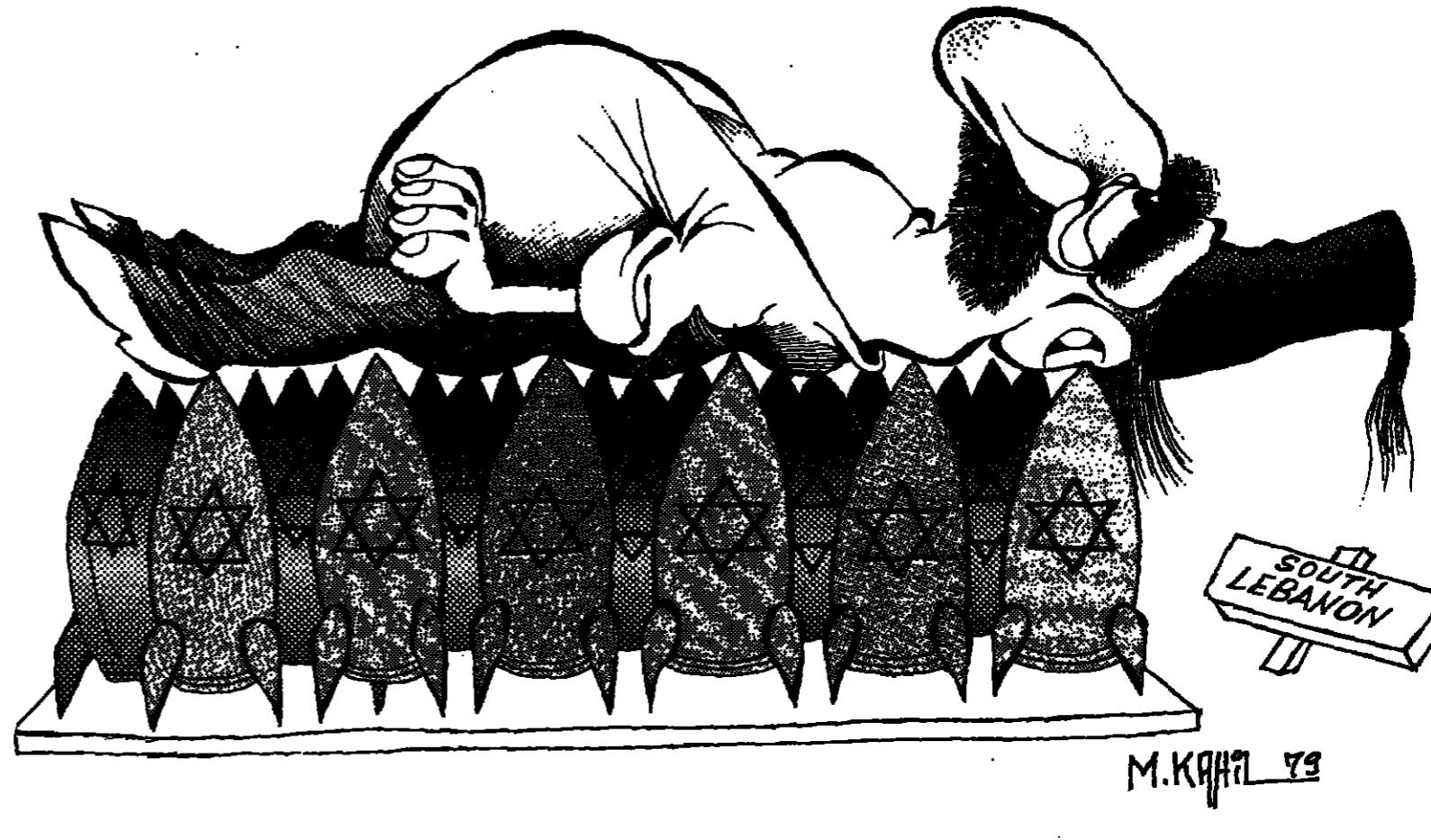
At the weekend it became clear that the Gaza meeting was only one of a series and that, among prominent figures sounded out recently, are a former Speaker of the Jordanian Parliament, Hikmet al Masri, and the former Mayor of Nablus, Haj Mazzouz al Masri.

Dayan's apparent motive in these meetings is to find West Bank and Gaza notables who could be persuaded to give autonomy a try, leaving it to them to decide whether this should be done with the blessing of the PLO or in the face of PLO opposition.

The Foreign Minister also made plain in his briefing of senior officials that if this effort failed because of the PLO, it would become easier for Israel to explain its position to the United States and the rest of the world.

Dayan also incurred the wrath of some of his colleagues when he said that any future Jewish settlements in the West Bank should be strictly confined to State lands and be part of a detailed program which must be published, "so that the whole thing would be open and above board." (OFNS)

According to Shafi, Dayan withdrew



Indira on the comeback trail

By Sumanta Datta-Ray

CALCUTTA —

The lists for India's seventh general election opened with the resounding rallying cry of "Indra bala, dash bachao!" — "Bring back Indira to save the country!"

The December poll, the world's biggest democratic exercise, is expected to cost \$200 million. About 360 million men and women will cast their votes. They will elect 544 MP's, as well as regional governments for Goa, Puducherry, Manipur, Sikkim and possibly Gujarat and Assam.

The real interest of the triangular contest lies in whether Indira Gandhi, 62, will regain the supremacy she enjoyed as Indian Prime Minister for 11 years.

Pitted against her are 77-year-old Charan Singh, head of the caretaker coalition government, and the Harjan (untouchable) leader, Jagjivan Ram, 71, who presides over the Janata Party. A fourth group, the Official Congress Party, which is the junior partner in Charan Singh's coalition, is not expected to survive the nationwide stampede to join Mrs. Gandhi.

Haunted by fears of her comeback, the Prime Minister's hatchet man, Raj Narain, has launched into a campaign of vilification against Mrs. Gandhi. He had earlier claimed that someone in India had received a pay-off of more than \$130 million from British Aerospace, the company from which Morarji Desai's Janata government last October ordered about 150-penetration Jaguar aircraft at a cost of about \$2 billion. Narain now says that British Aerospace calls all the shots in Indian politics.

According to Narain, Mrs. Gandhi withdrew

support from the Charan Singh government because British Aerospace had threatened to ruin her financial holdings in Britain if she continued to prop up a government that had promised to investigate the Jagaar deal.

The Jaguar blackmail theory could boomerang, since Mrs. Gandhi was not Prime Minister when the decision was taken. Jagjivan Ram was the only connecting link — he was Defense Minister under both Mrs. Gandhi and Desai — but the shrewd Harjan let another cat out of the bag by announcing that the purchase had been approved by Charan Singh when he had the finance portfolio.

The controversy is welcome to Mrs. Gandhi because it enables her to project herself as the victim of relentless persecution by a vengeful government that ignores such colossal national problems as 15 per cent inflation, a raging famine in Madhya Pradesh, intensified victimisation of Harijans and murderous Hindu-Muslim riots in the Bihar city of Jamshedpur, where 20 people were butchered recently.

Mrs. Gandhi has made a miraculous recovery from her political misfortunes. According to a recent opinion poll, she is the country's most popular politician and the first choice as premier of 48 per cent of the people.

Maharashtra congressmen, who had earlier dismissed her, last week resolved that "Mrs. Gandhi alone can stem the rot that has set in, following the Janata government's failure, and put the country back on the rails." Their motion was ratified on Monday at a lavish Bombay reception, where Mrs. Gandhi graciously accepted the homage of her subjects.

Maharashtra's decision is bound to have a spillover effect. Her parliamentary strength overnight shot up from 71 to 84 before the December polls were announced. In Karnataka (formerly Mysore), her followers claim to be in a majority. They are also pleading with her to choose a constituency in the state, an honor that is hotly disputed by Andhra Pradesh state and by Indore city, once capital of the conquering Mahratta princes.

Poor Jagjivan Ram is forced to scuttle rumors that he, too, will clamber aboard the winning bandwagon. "Those who treat me as an outcast in their public utterances approach me secretly for support," is Mrs. Gandhi's amused comment.

In the popular mind, she is now identified with law and order, the leader who will restore stability. Even her emergency rule has acquired new virtues in retrospect, its rigors quite forgotten. Her Congress is expected to bring down prices, cleanse politics of opportunism, weed out venal civil servants, protect Harijans and defend Muslims.

Mrs. Gandhi plays on these hopes by constantly deriding her opponents. "Theatre of the absurd" is her label for the two Janata factions, while their leaders are "falling over backwards to grab power."

Supersensitive is her magic that the implied claim that Indira Gandhi is not interested in power and will accept office only at the stern call of duty is not often questioned.

Still, it will not be a walk-over. Mrs. Gandhi's strongholds are in the south, while many areas in the more influential north still obey Charan Singh. Being in office also gives his breakaway Janata (secession) faction a built-in advantage, while Jagjivan Ram is trying to rally 90 million Harijans to his standard. — (OFNS)

London loses an Arab diplomatic friend

By Michael Adams

LONDON —

Number 1 Carlton Gardens is a fine old house on the north side of London's Green Park, a few hundred yards from Buckingham Palace. Across the park, five minutes' walk takes you to the Foreign Office and, beside it, the little turning of Whitehall where, at Number 10 Downing Street, the Prime Minister has his official residence. Close by on the other side are the crenellated red brick walls of the older Palace of St. James, to which foreign diplomats assigned to London are still formally accredited.

In short, this is the heart of ceremonial London, with its echoes of past glories and its continuing attachment to traditional patterns of behaviour which some people may feel are out of date but which have their place in the way the British like to conduct the affairs of state. And for that reason Carlton Gardens was chosen as the setting for a lunch party last week at which the British Government said its official farewell to the departing Algerian Ambassador to London, Mr. Lakhdar Brahimi.

It was a small party, but a formal one. The host was Sir Ian Gilmour, whose portentous title of Lord Privy Seal in the Conservative Government masks his actual function as the government's spokesman on foreign affairs in the House of Commons. The guests included, besides senior officials of the Foreign Office, two other foreign ambassadors, one from Africa and the other from eastern Europe,

agree that Brahimi has played a leading part in the process. Whether in the context of Palestine or of OPEC or the wider hopes and aspirations which the Arabs share with the developing world, no voice has been more widely respected than his, no advocacy more effective, in building bridges of understanding and cooperation between Britain and the Arab world.

If you asked them to account for his success, different people would no doubt single out different reasons. Hard work would certainly be one, and the integrity which won him the respect of minister and officials — and it is not given lightly — in his formal contacts with the Foreign Office. His unfailing courtesy to everyone, and most of all to the unimportant and the uninfamous, must certainly have helped. A sense of humor which seemed to adapt itself instinctively to the whims and oddities of the British character was a most valuable attribute. And to all this I would add the fact that everyone knew that if Lakhdar Brahimi said he would do something, it would be done.

Within the official framework, an ambassador's duties allow relatively little flexibility; but how far he is able to spread his activities beyond that framework must depend on the individual's own energy and aptitudes. At social gatherings, at the Algerian Embassy in recent years one could always be sure of meeting an unusually wide range of guests, going well beyond the diplomats and businessmen with whom an ambassador must maintain contact, to include artists and writers and television producers — and above all a noticeable large proportion of younger people, those whom fresh ideas were stirring and who were less constrained than their elders by established traditions and prejudices. This reflected the breadth of the ambassador's own interests and his knack of spotting the rising talent in any of half a dozen fields — and it can only have been helped by the presence at his side of a young wife who leaves her own special mark on the diplomatic life of London. Besides carrying out her duties as an ambassador's wife (and as the mother of his children), Milica Brahimi achieved the distinction during her stay in London of preparing her for and completing the course for an Honours Degree in English Literature at London University. I know of no parallel for this success.

So it is not surprising that the atmosphere at that farewell lunch at the Foreign Office was less formal than usual, or that Sir Ian Gilmour, putting aside their stimulating company and appreciated the distinctive contribution they made to the cosmopolitan life of London — and who knew that no one had been more successful than these two in putting across to the British people, with tact and good humor but also with firmness, the point of view of the Arab world.

Devotion and ancient anarchy at Najran

*"Self-destroyed were the owners
of the trench
"Of the fuel-fed fire
"When they sat by it
"And were the witnesses of what
they did to the believers"*

Surah LXXXV vv. 4-7

(Continued)

Thorns sprout from the lower courses of one of the larger structures at Ukhudud

By James Buchan

NAJRAN: Ukhudud is a melancholy place. Thorn and acacia grow without luxuriance between the tumbled masonry and vipers lay the interstices of massive walls. It is the Eid Al-Fitr. The high walls of the Wadi Najran rattle off a solid of gunfire and the demure clapping of spectators at a show horsemanship a mile away.

In the ruin field, there are picnickers. A Pakistani sweeper from town stares in wonder at pictures on the Cyclopean walls of the final platform — a horse, a man, two snakes intertwined — the red devotion of a humble art.

Confusion of old glory and anarchy, the ruins spread across 12 acres on the southern side of the wadi.

H. B. St. J. Phibby liked the place. "Of all the daughters of Sheba, I am the fairest, like a woman in her prime, calm and serene in remembrance of past troubles but gaily facing the promise of a few days in the keeping of a new lord", he wrote in the 1930s on after the annexation of the wadi to the Saudi state. "Day by day, poked out over across the river to its crown and ancient glory — the

tumbled ruins of Negrena Metropolis".

Twenty years later, Phibby gained Abd Al Aziz' permission to bring a scholar to look at the metropolis. Monsignor Gonzague Ryckmans of Louvain found the ruin field deficient in inscriptions.

Ukhudud is generally taken to mean "the trenches", and Phibby connected the name with an event of great historical importance for Arabia and Islam. In the summer of 523 AD, Najran and its metropolis made up a flourishing state, profiting off tolls on the incense route from Dhofer and Hadramaut and the produce of the spate-fed wadi.

But a Judaizing king of the Himyar people in the south, Dhu Nuwas Yusuf — the lord of the curis — had launched a campaign against the Christian states of Himyar and the north.

Coming before Najran that summer, Dhu Nuwas is said to have offered the inhabitants and their governor or bishop, Arethas, the choice between Jewry and death. When they would not recant, he ordered vast trenches to be dug and filled with timber which the Najranis were made to stand on until the faggots were fired.

The event prompted the first Abyssinian intervention into Arabia. In May 525, King Ella Esbaha invaded with an avenging Christian

army 70,000 strong against the Himyar and Dhu Nuwas. The Jew is said to have spurred his horse into the sea rather than submit.

The leader of the Abyssinian expedition, Abraha, used Sanaa as a basis for operations to control the incense route. His church at Sanaa became a center of pilgrimage, and in 570 he launched a campaign north party to ruin the competing center of pilgrimage at Mecca.

This expedition, took place about the year of the Prophet's birth (570), generally remembered as the "Year of the Elephant". Marching up along the edge of the great wadi that drain the Taif-Abha scrap, Abraha defeated a Himyar chief. But while attempting to enter the town to destroy the Kaaba, Abraha's elephant refused to move forward.

On the return journey, his army was mysteriously destroyed and Abraha himself was "smitten with the plague so that his limbs rotted off piecemeal", according to Tradition.

The sequence of events, the massacre in the Trenches and the March of the Elephant, are recorded in the Holy Koran. Surah CV, a very early Meccan revelation, tells the story of Abraha:

"Hast thou not seen how thy Lord dealt with the owners of the Elephant?

"Did he not bring their stratagem to naught,
"And send against them swarms of flying creatures,
"Which pelted them with stones of baked clay
"And made them like green crops (devoured)?"

Muslim commentators say that Surah LXXXV, another very early revelation, refers to the purge at Ukhudud in a parable of hell-fire.

It is for this reason, according to a rather unreliable bedu at the ruin field, that non-Muslims are not welcome at the site. The best course for those wishing to visit it is to secure a passport from the office of the Amr, Sheikh Fahd ibn Khaled ibn Sudairi.

Little changes under the sun. The history of pre-Islamic south Arabia, like that of the more modern Middle East, is one of bitter competition for economic resources under the banner of religious strife. Foreign powers occasionally intervene. In 23 BC Augustus Caesar despatched Aelius Gallus to investigate the incense route. He landed at Jar, the port of Medina, and marched through Negrena, where he found the ruler fled.

His return journey from the walls of Marib, where he was checked, was appalling. In Wadi Gattan, north of Wadi Najran, Ingrid El-Khalidi describes in conversation a picture of a figure in a plumed helmet being dismembered by a bedu with a long lance. Between the figures is a curious um.

Only a handful made it back to Jar.

In the next centuries, the three great powers of Late Antiquity — Christian Constantinople and Aksum in Abyssinia and Zoroastrian Iran — took an interest in the incense trade, either through proxies or armed expeditions.

The bedu around Najran call any structure or inscription of any age Himyar. But in fact the history of the region is extraordinarily complex, littered with the troubling names of forgotten empires. The Sabean of Marib seem to have dominated the early period, with interruptions from the kingdom of Aisan on the south coast and Qataban on the modern borders off the Yemens. At the same time, the Kingdom of Ma'in grew to power around Jauf in east Yemen and in Wadi Najran.

A Minean trading outpost at Al-Ula, near Medain Saleh, flourished in the first half of the 3rd century BC.

The Himyar proper overran the coast and much of the inland area and vied with the received Sabean through the 2nd century AD. In the third century, the Christian Habashat of Aksum and the Persians enter on the scene. It is only with the compelling appearance of Islam that order is brought to this chaos, although by now the incense route is in decay.

In the almost continuous struggle for domination, the incense route seems to have stayed comparatively stable. This trade began with frankincense, the aromatic resin from Dhofer, which was originally carried by sea to Egypt, where it was much in demand for liturgical purposes.



(Continued)

Smashed grinding-stones beneath a tell

With the domestication of the camel the trade moved inland, carried along camel routes from the south coast through Shabwa or Marib to Najran and along the skirts of the mountains to Mecca and the Jewish settlement of Yathrib (Medina) and the north.

The trade was joined by luxuries from Africa, India and the Far East, imported through Aden and the Hadramaut. By taxes and tolls, the farming states on the route grew rich. Vast irrigation schemes went into place at Marib and Najran, with its mighty biannual floods, may have supported a population as large as today's. It was certainly a center of pagan pilgrimage in the earlier period.

Of the town's history very little is known and this will continue until the Department of Antiquities begins systematic excavation at the site. Some information about the Minaean period comes from inscriptions at Ula and at excavations in the Jawf and in the classical writers, Pliny and Strabo.

Later, Najran, appears to have been a partly independent trading and farming community. The 12-acre citadel shows the ruins of countless walls which show the forms of several large buildings — stores, even a palace. One of these buildings was thought by Phibby to have carried a dome and he suggested it was a place of worship. There are large grinding stones for wheat or oil nearby.

The citadel appears to be surrounded by a moat, while a settlement stretches toward the mountain walls for about 70 acres, Phibby said.

There may also have been dykes to prevent flooding from the spate.

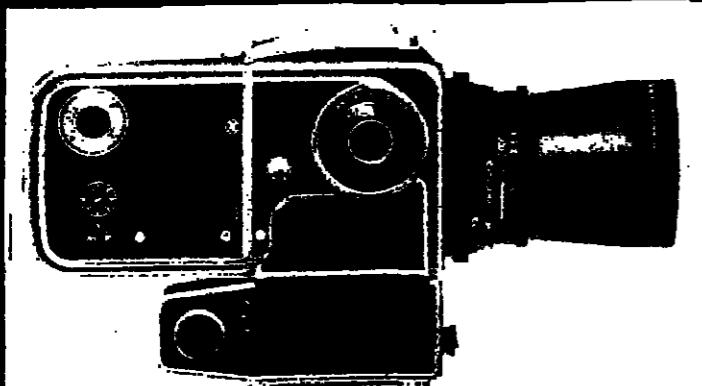
(Continued)

Upper course of the Wadi Najran during its summer spate last month

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Right-hander loses 5-0

Brewers avenge defeat by Oakland's Keough

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (AP) — Matt Keough's victory string ended almost as soon as it began.

The Oakland A's right-hander defeated the Milwaukee Brewers in his last outing, lost to the Brewers 5-0 Tuesday. The defeat dropped Keough's record to 1-15 this season and was his 19th in his last 20 decisions.

Cecil Cooper slammed his 22nd home run of the season and added a sacrifice fly to lead Milwaukee's victory. Jim Slaton, 14-8, scattered five hits to gain the victory and snap a four-game Brewer losing streak.

Elsewhere in the American League, Reggie Jackson doubled home the tying run, then slammed a two-run homer to pace the New York Yankees to an 8-3 victory over the Boston Red Sox.

Boston's Carl Yastrzemski, who failed for the second straight game to get his 3,000th Major League hit, made a wild throw to home

plate in the eighth inning, allowing the tie-breaking run to score. Yastrzemski went hitless in three official at-bats.

Tom Underwood scattered nine hits and Rico Carty cracked a homer as the Toronto Blue Jays snapped a 15-game winless streak against Baltimore, defeating the Orioles 3-1.

Danny Goodwin had two hits and scored twice to take the Minnesota Twins past the Kansas City Royals 3-1.

Jason Thompson doubled home three runs to key an eight run first inning as the Tigers bombed the Cleveland Indians 14-1.

Rookie Billy Sample drove in two runs with a double and a single and Micky Rivers homered as the Texas Rangers beat the Seattle Mariners 5-2.

Jim Morrison smacked a pair of solo home runs and Alan Baumister delivered a tie-breaking double in the sixth inning to give the

Chicago White Sox an 8-7 victory over the California Angels.

In the National League, Willie Stargell slammed a two-run homer as the Pittsburgh Pirates defeated the St. Louis Cardinals 7-3.

Andre Dawson drove in three runs while Dave Cash and Lary Parrish chased home two runs each to give the Montreal Expos an 8-6 victory over the Chicago

Cubs in the first game of their two-night doubleheader. In the second game, Cash singled home Warren Cromartie in the fifth inning to lift Montreal to a 3-2 victory and a sweep of the double bill. It was the Expos' 14th triumph in their last 15 games.

Greg Luzinski's two-run homer boosted the Philadelphia Phillies past the New York Mets 5-2 while

Dave Concepcion and George Foster blasted home runs to give Cincinnati a 9-8 victory over the Houston Astros.

A sacrifice fly by Pepe Frias in the seventh inning broke the tie and gave the Atlanta Braves a 1-1 victory over the San Francisco Giants while the San Diego Padres beat the Los Angeles Dodgers 3-1.

Fans, press barred

Celtic goes alone to Albania

GLASGOW, Sept. 12 (R) — Scottish club Celtic says it will go ahead reluctantly with its European Cup match in Tirana next week despite Albania's refusal to grant entry visas to accompanying journalists and supporters.

Celtic was told by the secretary of the European Football Union (UEFA), Hans Bangerter, that UEFA had failed to persuade the Albanian authorities to issue visas to a group of 24 Scots, including 14 journalists, for the first round first-leg match against Partizani Tirana on September 19.

Celtic chairman Desmond White said his club had been told UEFA sympathized with the position but that Celtic would almost certainly face disqualification from the European Cup if it failed to play.

The Albanians issued extra visas last week for two Celtic reserve players after a warning from UEFA that they would be expelled from the Cup and Albanian clubs probably banned from future competitions, if the visas were not granted.

"Football is after all a spectator sport and to us it is essential that the press and the public, within

reason, be admitted."

"Until 24 hours ago my board was completely unanimous that under no circumstances would we enter Albania without at least token press representation."

"We had believed at that time that we would get at least partial support from UEFA but were even prepared to sacrifice that but we came down to the final question — our own players."

"Winning the League championship last season gave them entry into the top club competition in Europe. Could we on a moral issue refuse them the right to participate on that stage?"

"It was this final issue which decided us most reluctantly to agree to play virtually behind closed doors in Albania."

Results

LONDON, Sept. 12 (R) — Results of Tuesday night's football:

Europe under 21's championship second leg		
England	1	Denmark
International	2	Ireland
Wales		1
Sweden		1
Aug. 26th Cup quarter final		
Denmark	0	Sheffield United
(Sheffield United)	1	Winton aggregate
England	5	Four
Scotland	0	One
Ayr	3	Doncaster
Clydebank	2	Ards
Hamilton	3	Midfield
Ruth	2	West Brom
St. Johnstone	3	City
Stirling	1	Aberdeen
British Divisions	2	Two
Aberdeen	2	One
British	2	Stranraer
Midfield	0	East Fife
Motherwell	0	East Stirlings
Queen of the	0	One
Scott	1	Montrose
Strombork	4	Cowdenbeath
France	0	Two
French		
Paris	12 (R) — Results of Tuesday night's matches in the French soccer championship	
Level	9	Les
Moscos	3	Nevers
St. Etienne	0	Two
Paris	2	Bois
Lille	4	Nice
Reims	0	Montpellier
Lyon	3	Valenciennes
Montpellier	0	Nimes
Saint-Étienne	1	Strasbourg
Nantes	4	Pays

DRIVE : Somerset's West Indian Test star Viv Richards drives P.J. Watts of Northamptonshire to the boundary in the Gillette Cup Final last weekend.

Batsmen collapse

Indian spinners trounce Australia

almost immediately afterward to Doshi.

The score was then 297 and the pair had put on 222 runs for the third wicket.

Wickets fell rapidly to Doshi's spinning balls and few of the batsmen played him or the other spinner, Venkat, with any real comfort. Doshi returned a final bowing analysis of six wickets for 103 runs.

Venkatarraghavan, who captained India on its recent tour of England, lent good support. He took one wicket for 281 runs off 46 overs.

Indian captain Sunil Gavaskar, fresh from his memorable knock of 221 against England at the Oval Test last week which brought his side within touching distance of a remarkable victory, opened the innings with Chauhan.

They played cautiously against accurate fast bowling from Rodney Hogg and Alan Hurst but were never in any trouble. The fifty of the partnership came up in 82 minutes but Chauhan fell in the last over of the day to Jim Hogg for a score of 26.

When play closed, Gavaskar was batting on 49.

Luxembourg may host Springbok rugby game

AGEN, France, Sept. 12 (R) — Luxembourg's Rugby Union Federation has offered to stage a match between France and the South African Springboks as the South Africans will not be allowed to enter France.

French Rugby Federation chairman Albert Ferrasse said Tuesday the offer was made through the International Association of Rugby Federation after the French government announced it would refuse visas to the Springboks because of South

Africa's Apartheid policy.

Asked about the likelihood of a match being played in Luxembourg, Ferrasse said: "Anything is possible."

He added that the French federation had been supported throughout the controversy over the proposed Springboks tour to France by the Rugby authorities in Belgium and the Netherlands, as well as in Luxembourg.

Luxembourg's offer was a warm gesture of sympathy, he said.

Fourth national event

Chinese games rehearse for Olympics

PEKING, Sept. 12 (R) — A flaming torch was carried into Peking Wednesday for the opening this weekend of the fourth National Games which could be a Chinese dress rehearsal for the Moscow Olympics.

China left the International Olympic Committee (IOC) in 1958 in protest at the membership of Taiwan and the People's Republic has only once participated in the Olympics, at Helsinki in 1952.

But as the 9,000 competitors from 31 provincial and city teams of the world's biggest nation take the field on Saturday, some will be aiming to set new world records and maybe gain a place in an Olympic squad.

Peking has proposed that two Chinese teams could participate in the Olympics, under certain conditions.

The main condition is that Taiwan's team should style itself "Taiwan Chinese Olympic Committee" instead of "Republic of China" as the Taipei government calls itself, and it should not use the flag and anthem of the Republic of China.

Taiwan has already rejected such conditions and Chinese representatives at the Moscow Games, and next February's Winter Olympics at Lake Placid, New York, will have to be decided by the IOC.

The current games will end on September 30, the eve of the People's Republic's 30th anniversary.

Lord Killanin, head of the IOC, has recalled that when he was a young man working in Shanghai, sport was something confined to foreigners.

And even more recently foreign athletes have reported that because of the policy of "friendship first, competition second," the Chinese often seemed to lose deliberately, out of politeness.

Rapid progress

Sports recover from Gang of Four

Since the fall of the "Gang of Four," Chairman Mao's widow and three other radicals who controlled the country briefly after Mao's death, sports in China have progressed at a rapid rate.

In the University Games that ran Sept. 2-13 here, the Chinese divers won six of the 12 diving medals. Chen Shao Sha, a tiny and artistic Chinese university student, won a gold in the women's platform after taking a silver in the springboard competition.

The Chinese also won four bronzes, and could possibly have fared better, but the judges appeared to favor the better-known divers from the Soviet Union, who collected three of the four gold medals.

"Our country now of course has the program of four modernizations," Wei said. "We consider

sports to be a part of our modernization.

And competing on an international level like here at the University Games helps us in our move to modernization."

China's first appearance at an international competition in recent years was at the University Games in Sofia, in 1977. But the Chinese had little success there.

However, it was apparent at the Mexico City Games that the nation is making strides toward becoming a factor on the world sports scene.

Asked when China might have an impact on the Olympics, Wei replied that his country hopes for some measure of success next year in Moscow, assuming that the problems between his country and the IOC concerning China's eligibility is worked out. He was certain the problem would be resolved.

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Asked when China might

"Where the bee sucks....."



NORMAN BAUST : Wearing a whitesuit (above) (because Black is an unfriendly colour for the bee) inspects the bees in the Brood Nest to see if they are in good condition and to see if there are any Queen cells. Other Picture (right) shows a close up of the Brood Nest and the combs in which are formed the honey.

TO BEE OR NOT TO BEE : The humble bee is often the object of wicked calumny. Seen as the tormentors of children, men and animals the sight of one on reconnaissance is enough to instil mass panic and fear! But for Norman Baust the bee is an insect of wonder and delight. A creature of nature that is an essential part of God's creation. Since he first started keeping bees 14 years ago, the hobby has turned into a passion. With three hives and between 60 to 80,000 bees they certainly keep him busy. Of the four types of bees, Caucasian, Carniolans, Cypriots the Italian is the most says to breed... and the friendliest! "They are no trouble at all," said Norman, "and they do such a wonderful job pollinating the flowers. Most people think they are a menace because they puncture the skins of fruit, but this is a fallacy." The best time for working with the hives is between 10am and 3 pm. Norman explained that the Spring and Summer months are the best time for gathering the marvellous honey from the combs. It is well known that honey has curative properties. Not so well known that Royal Jelly, the secretion from the Pharyngeal glands of the Nurse bee is rich in vitamins, high in protein and fat, and low in sugar compared to honey. Norman did not deny the stories about Royal Jelly being good for one's love-life.



EVERYONE'S FOAL : The birth of a foal in the San Diego Wild Animal Park, California, has been the cause for much celebration recently. For the horse is a very rare breed, Przewalski, that are now extinct in their homeland of Mongolia. Only about 250 of the stocky light-coloured horses remain in the world, all living in zoos. Huge herds of the Mongolian horses were used by the warrior hordes of Genghis Khan. Tasting the foliage with mother the foal (left) has a hearty meal.

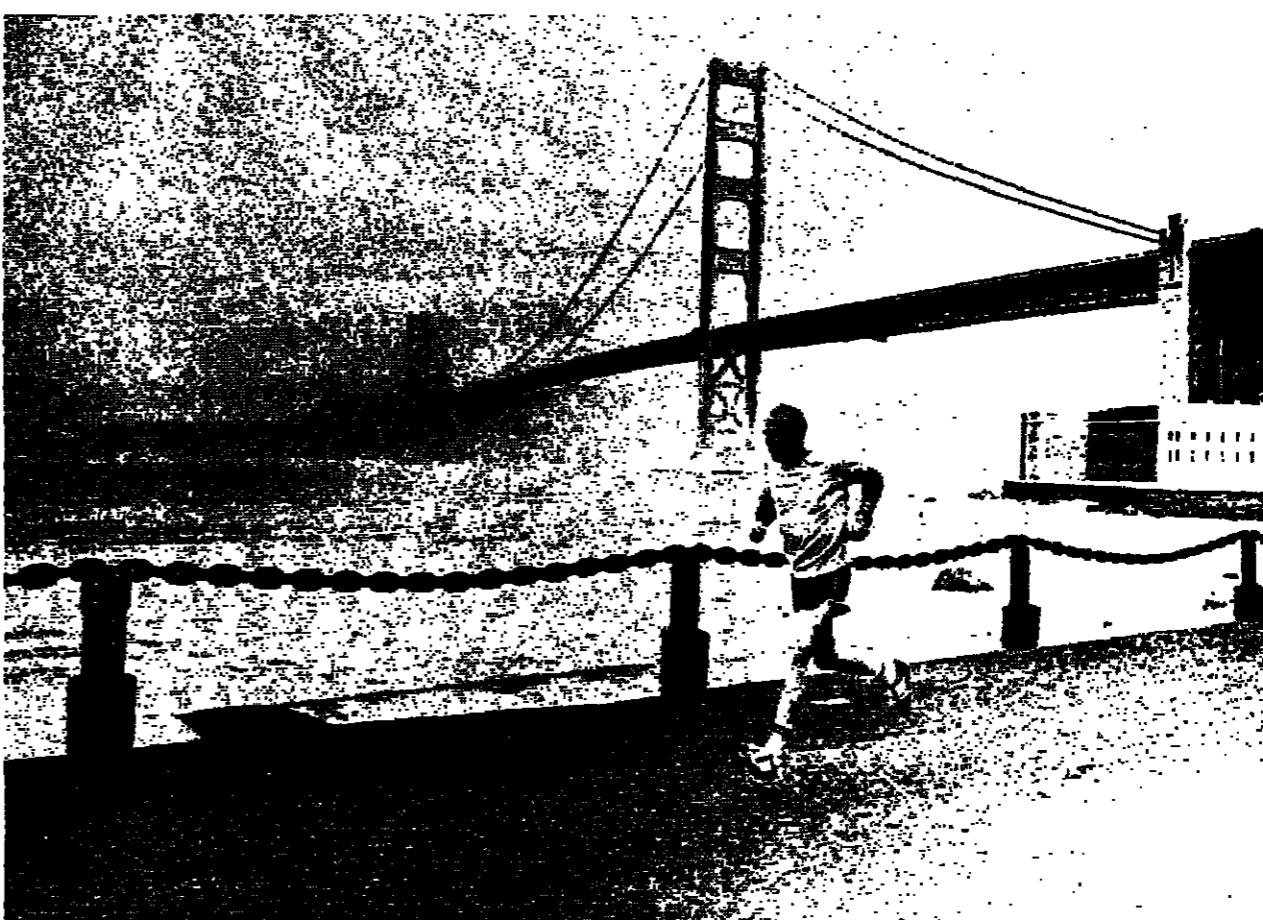


"The devil hath power to assume a pleasing shape." Shakespeare. The Manta Ray is the largest species of a class known as 'The Devil Fish.' Wearing protective clothing, two men above show a degree of courage as they spread the 'wings' of the Manta Ray.

"Shine by the side of every path we tread. With such a laurel, he that rests may rest." Copper. An elderly jogger below trots the path with the famous Golden Gate Bridge of San Francisco in the background. Jogging has become one of the great American cult sports. Fitness is the key word, and they are out to prove that the nation that runs together stays together.



FULL CYCLE : The latest development for bicycle riders is a wheel of an idea. Instead of the normal handlebars, that have graced bikes since the turn of the century, some bright 'spoke' has come up with the idea of putting a car steering wheel in its place. Perhaps, in the future this 'hybrid' will encourage frustrated motorists who are fed up with the increase in gas to take to the streets with gusto! A 'Wheelie' (left) from Young Eddie in The USA riding a converted model.



Major breakthrough made for new economic order

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 12 (AP) — The world's developing nations have agreed to include energy in their negotiations with the industrial countries, their chairman announced Tuesday. Tunisian Ambassador Mahmoud Mestiri, who heads the group of developing countries at the United Nations, called the move a major breakthrough in negotia-

tions for a new world economic order.

In earlier talks the developing nations have rejected demands by industrial nations that energy should be part of the bargaining.

Mestiri said the developing countries had drafted a resolution to be proposed to the General Assembly calling for a round of "global and sustained negotia-

tions on international economic cooperation for development."

The draft resolution said the talks should include "major issues in the field of raw materials, energy, trade, development, money and finance."

The resolution called for the negotiations to begin after next year's special General Assembly session on the world economy.

U.S. officials testify

Nuclear power lacks clear-cut policy

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (AP) — Securities of nuclear utilities have largely rebounded from the Three Mile Island accident, although many investors

remain wary about the future of nuclear power, financial experts have told Congress.

Contributing to this caution is the lack of a well-defined govern-

8 OPEC states to meet Sept. 20

KUWAIT, Sept. 12 (AP) — Eight members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries will meet in London Sept. 20 to discuss the organization's policy of liquid gas exports the Kuwaiti oil ministry reported Tuesday.

The participants are Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Algeria, Libya, United Arab Emirates, Iran and Venezuela, the ministry said.

AID gives \$ 96m for Egypt cities

CAIRO, Sept. 12 (AP) — The U.S. Agency for International Development has provided Egypt with \$ 96 million towards the rebuilding of the Suez Canal cities damaged in the 1967 war with Israel the Middle East News Agency reported Tuesday. Thirty six million dollars are an outright grant and the remaining 60 million are a long term loan.

UAE, Bucharest sign aid pact

BUCHAREST, Sept. 12 (AP) — Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu Tuesday conferred with Maha Saeed Al-Oteiba, Oil Minister of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), after the two countries signed a document on cooperation in the petroleum and petrochemical industries and agriculture. Al Oteiba and Ceausescu discussed international topics and called for a Middle East solution based on the "total, unconditional and earliest withdrawal of Israel" from territories occupied since 1967, the news agency Agerpres reported.

Foreign Exchange Rates

WEDNESDAY	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.37	3.365
Pound Sterling	7.55	7.55	7.50
Deutsche Mark (100)	186.00	186.25	185.80
Swiss F (100)	207.00	207.00	206.00
French F (100)	80.00	80.00	79.75
Italian Lira (10,000)	41.00	41.50	41.55
Lebanese Lira (100)	103.70	103.35	
Syrian Lira (100)	86.60	79.00	
Egyptian Pound	4.48	4.63	
Kuwait Dinar	12.20	12.20	
Jordanian Dinar	11.25	11.23	
Emirates Dirham (100)	89.00	88.80	
Qatari Riyal (100)	90.00	90.00	
Bahraini Dinar	8.90	8.88	
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	
Iraqi Dinar (100)	9.50	—	
Yemeni Riyal (100)	74.50	74.10	
Moroccan Dirham (100)	81.00	86.85	
Indian Rupee (100)	—	42.20	
Pakistani Rupee (100)	33.00	34.20	
Gold kg.	36,800.00	—	
10 Tolas bar	4,290.00	—	
Silver kg.	—	—	
Japanese Yen (1,000)	15.20	15.60	15.60
Canadian Dollar	2.88	4.00	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	116.00	131.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	169.00	171.00	170.00
Spanish Peso	—	52.00	
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	85.00	
Philippines Peso (1,000)	—	45.00	
Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Kajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah. Tel.: 23815			

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Kajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah. Tel.: 23815

PORTS AUTHORITY JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON THE

12TH SEPTEMBER, 1979, 21ST SHAWAL, 1399

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Arrival
3.	Jingu Maru	Alreza	Vehicles	11.9.79
4.	Blue Albatross	Ori	General	10.9.79
5.	Christ Hermann	Alpha	Bagged Barley	7.9.79
6.	Leviathan	Alpha	General	10.9.79
7.	Union Baltimore	O.C.E.	Container/General	10.9.79
8.	Nestor Glory	Alpha	Bagged Sugar	6.9.79
9.	Ree	Red Sea	Barrel/Container/Chemicals	10.9.79
11.	Regina S'	Red Sea	General	7.9.79
12.	Evangelia	Alpha	Refrigerated/General/Timber	10.9.79
14.	Ibn Duraid	Kando	General/General/	11.9.79
15.	Ibn Khalikan	Kando	Containers	11.9.79
16.	Anemone	M.T.A.	General	9.9.79
17.	Achilles	Kando	Bagged Cement	8.9.79
18.	Petron Arrow	A.A.	Bagged Cement	6.9.79
20.	Ell II	Gulf	Bagged Cement	26.8.79
21.	Aale Momo	Alpha	General	11.9.79
22.	Rebellest	Alpha	Timber	1.9.79
24.	Vista	Medco	Timber/Intr/Marble	7.9.79
32.	Glen 4	Shobakhi	Dredging Equipment	7.9.79
33.	Navriza	Medco	Dredging Scrap Metal	7.9.79
34.	Kota Jaya	Q.E.P.	General	9.9.79
41.	Concordia Foam	Alreza	General/Container/General	10.9.79
42.	Punting	Alreza	Tires	6.9.79
43.	Kyros	M.T.A.	SteelPipes	2.9.79
44.	Inga Polaris	Star	General	6.9.79
RECENT ARRIVALS:				
1.	Tango	Medco	General	11.9.79
2.	Semco Storm	O.C.E.	General	11.9.79
3.	Amerca	M.T.A.	General	11.9.79
4.	Jira Han	Alpha	General	11.9.79
5.	Ibn Khalikan	Kando	General/Containers	11.9.79
6.	Ibn Duraid	Kando	General/Steel/Containers	11.9.79
7.	Good Brees	Alreza	General/Containers	11.9.79
8.	Rebellest	Alpha	General	11.9.79
9.	Armed	Ori	Refrigerated Barley	11.9.79
10.	Brini	Gulf	Timber	12.9.78
11.	Seaspeed	Fayez	Containers	12.9.78
12.	America	Q.C.E.	General	11.9.79
13.	Wild Curlew	O.C.E.	General	11.9.79
14.		Baneste	General	12.9.79

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT, DAMMAM

SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON

21.10.1399/12.9.79 — CHANGES PAST 24 HOURS

21.10.1399/12.9.79 — CHANGES PAST 24 HOURS

2. RECENT ARRIVALS:

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51. RECENT ARRIVALS:

52. RECENT ARRIVALS:

Interested in Business Development
in Saudi Arabia

Saudi business

This week read about:

- Taming the Wild Najran Frontier
- Aramco Sisters and Profits
- A Boost for the Saudi Box
- A History of Pharmacies

arab news

International Finance

International Bourse, Commodities, Money and Exchange Rates



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International Share Information

Armenia	Georgian	1175	1150
Armenian	Harmen	2748	2650
Armenian	Paravani	1180	1170
Armenian	Sidra	1180	1160
Armenian	Soc. Gen. Belgian	1890	1890
Armenian	Soc. Soc.	3520	3560
Armenian	Soc. Soc.	2000	2000
Armenian	Union Miniere	750	720
Armenian	Ville Montagne	1474	1474

Price Frs. Closing Sept. 7

Price Frs. Closing Sept. 19

B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

ANDY CAPP



Dennis the Menace



"GEORGE WILSON KEEPS CALLING TO SEE HOW DENNIS IS FEELING...BUT HE TRIES TO DISGUISE HIS VOICE."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1 Recital feature
5 Nickel nursery
10 Emaciated
11 Strauss opera
12 Carry on
13 Pretty near
14 "All the
Things You --"
15 Wire measure
16 High priest
17 Military
18 Sought
20 Scrap
21 Actress Lee
22 Perviousness
23 Sulk
24 First
26 Detective shell
27 Sandy's call
28 Small bagpipe
29 Three, in Roma
31 -- long
34 Just miss
the cup, in golf
35 Distribute
37 French
sport
38 Usurer
39 Terrible
car
40 Eat away
41 Bacon
coating

BARE FIRST

ABUT ODELEEN

SIDA MODELEEN

DEAGNE SPITI

MONI BIVILLE

GRAVIE PETER

HOKIE MUNI

AMEN OLDMAN

LIAH LAWL DEMO

ENISLE AGAR

JINIER CLASSA

AGNES ELSLIS

Yesterday's Answer

21 Took a

taxi

drama

22 Obstruction

23 Roman

fountain

24 Date

title

30 U.S.

missile

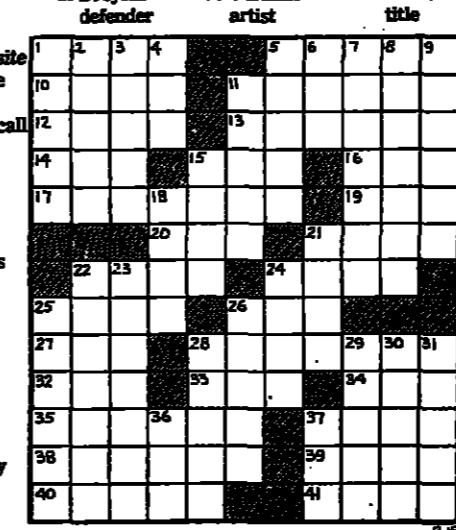
31 Correct

36 Tack

on

37 Olivier's

title



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:

A X Y D L B A A X E
I S L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for three, I for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

Z L C Z H X G T Z Y Q G D E V W B X D
Z H L G Q Q Z I G H X G Z C B C G T Z H
L D G V R K Q T L R F K R S G H R E -
C G H C G . - P E G Z T K Z X D D G Y Y G Q

Riley's Believe It or Not!

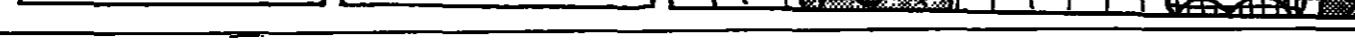


THE BEHAVIOR OF MICE AND KANGAROO RATS IS BEING STUDIED BY SCIENTISTS OF THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY AS POSSIBLE PREMONITORS OF EARTHQUAKES BECAUSE SUCH OBSERVATION OF ANIMAL BEHAVIOR BY THE CHINESE HAS HELPED TO SAVE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF LIVES

© 1973 Los Angeles Times

OVERWEIGHT AMERICANS IN THEIR EFFORTS TO LOSE POUNDS SPEND MORE THAN \$100,000,000 A YEAR

© 1973 Los Angeles Times



Contract Bridge : B. Jay Becker

Eternal Vigilance

South dealer.
Neither side vulnerable.

NORTH
♦ K Q 5
♦ K 8 2
♦ Q 8 8 6 4
♦ Q 5

WEST
♦ J 10 9 7
♦ 9 5 3
♦ K 5
♦ A J 9 2

EAST
♦ 6 4 3
♦ 7 6 5
♦ A Q 10 7
♦ 3 2
♦ K 10 3

SOUTH
♦ A 8 2
♦ A Q 10 7 4
♦ 3 2
♦ K 10 3

The bidding:
South West North East
1 ♠ Pass 2 ♠ Pass
2 ♠ Pass 3 ♠ Pass
3 NT

Opening lead: — jack of spades.

South is therefore known to have eight ready tricks and is trying to steal a ninth at trick two. Your only chance to stop him is to go up with your ace of clubs and shift to a diamond, hoping to hit partner with four or five diamonds headed by the A-Q-10.

The odds are certainly against finding East with this precise holding, but that is pretty much the only real chance you have to defeat the contract.

Get your international financial news

in Asharq Al-Awsat



Asharq Al-Awsat — the international newspaper of the Arabs published daily from London and distributed worldwide.

Available with your newsboy and at your nearest news stand daily.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

	Fajr	Ishaq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	4:55	6:13	12:24	3:49	6:30	8:00
Medina	4:53	6:11	12:25	3:52	6:31	8:01
Nejd	4:24	5:44	11:54	3:33	6:01	7:31

DAHHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show
5:43 Superman
6:08 Consultations
6:37 Soccer
7:32 Lou Grant
8:30 Famous Film Theater

Sesame Street 1177
Superman Silver Mine
One unit blood can
help many
Leicester Vs Blackburn
Rovers
Scam
St. Valentine's Day Massacre

WEATHER

The weather will continue hot and fairly dry in most areas inland but humid in coastal areas.

A cloud system will prevail in southwestern area and western highlands.

Winds will be moderate in all areas.

Sea conditions in territorial waters will be calm to moderate.

Wednesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	40	30	Tabuk	38	23
Jeddah	37	27	Turail	41	25
Riyadh	42	28	Rafha	46	24
Dhahran	43	25	Bisha	36	21
Medina	41	26	Sulayil	40	22
Taif	33	22	Abha	29	14

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)
On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band

THURSDAY

Afternoon Transmission

1:00 Opening
1:01 The Holy Quran
1:05 Gems of Guidance
1:10 This Week's Landmark
2:20 Top of the Pops
1:50 Classical Music
2:20 On Islam
2:30 Jazz Music
3:00 NEWS
3:10 Press Review
3:20 Islam — THE Divine Truth
3:30 Leaps & Bounds
3:40 MUSIC
3:50 Close Down
Evening Transmission
10:00 Opening

10:01 The Holy Quran
10:05 Message to the Faithful
10:10 Light Music
10:15 NEWS
10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
10:30 Music Worldwide
11:00 Youth Welfare
11:10 Music
11:15 The Evening Show
11:45 World of Guitar
12:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections
12:10 MUSIC
12:15 Nashville
12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
01:00 Close Down

BBC

Morning Transmission

4:09 Twenty-Four Hours : News Summary
8:00 World News -
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
8:30 Sarah Ward
8:45 World Today
9:00 Newsdesk
9:30 Opera Star
10:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary
10:30 Sarah Ward
10:45 Something to Show You
11:00 World News
11:09 Reflections
11:15 Piano Style
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978
12:00 World News
12:09 British Press Review
12:15 World Today
12:30 Financial News
12:40 Look Ahead
12:45 The Tony Myatt
14:00 World News
14:09 Twenty-Four Hours : News Summary
12:15 Talkabout
12:45 Nature Notebook
1:15 Ulster in Focus
1:30 Discovery
2:00 World News
2:09 News about Britain
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios
2:30 Sports International
2:40 Radio Newsreel
3:15 Promenade Concert
3:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News

4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
5:15 Report on Religion
6:00 Radio Newsreel
6:15 Outlook
7:00 World News
7:09 Commentary
7:15 Sherlock Holmes
7:45 World Today
8:00 World News
8:09 Books and Writers
8:30 Take One
8:45 Sports Round-up
9:00 News about Britain
9:15 Radio Newsreel
9:30 Farming World
10:00 Outlook News Summary
10:39 Stock Market Report
10:43 Look Ahead
10:45 Ulster in Focus
11:00 World News
11:09 Twenty-Four Hours : News Summary
12:15 Talkabout
12:45 Nature Notebook
1:15 Ulster in Focus
1:30 Discovery
2:00 World News
2:09 News about Britain
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios
2:30 Sports International
2:40 Radio Newsreel
3:15 Promenade Concert
3:45 Sports Round-up
4:00 World News

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

SEPTEMBER 12, 1973
What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to April 19)
Be careful not to hurt the feelings of co-worker. Afternoon entertainments should go well. Romance and local visits are favored.

TAURUS (April 20 to May 20)
Capitalize on a chance to get something valuable for home. Avoid frivolous expenditures. Don't expect to impress others with your new finds.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)
Be respectful of elders. Avoid pettiness unless it's based on genuine feeling. Otherwise, sincerity may be questioned.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22)
Watch out for antisocial feelings. You're in the mood to withdraw. Be circumspect re a financial opportunity. Don't talk too much.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22)
Social life goes well, providing you forego boasting or ostentatious behavior. Don't be careless with money or valuable items.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
Resist a tendency to be antisocial. Accept invitations. New friends made now will be helpful. Prosperity re distant matters.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)
Don't be careless in financial dealings with friends. Capitalize on opportunity for financial gain via career. Expand horizons.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)
Not a time to mix personal life with business. Make plans for a trip with a close one. Success re publishing, education and travel.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)
Advisors may be critical of work projects, yet you should capitalize on a chance to increase revenues through a new work endeavor.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)
Despite some slight disagreement re entertainment plans, everything should ultimately work out to further a sense of togetherness.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)
The potential exists for a row with a close one re a domestic matter. Your best bet is to take a household duties with gusto.

VOA

P.M.

8:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities; Opinion; Analyses

8:30 Dateline: News Summary

9:00 Special English: News; Feature: The Making of a Nation

9:30 Music USA: (Jazz)

10:00 News Roundup: Reports: Actualities

10:05 Opening: Analyses News Summary

10:30 VOC Magazine: America; Science; Cultural; Letter

11:00 Special English: News

11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)

VOA WORLD REPORT: Midnight

12:00 News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.



PAGE 14

On hospitality... and records

By Michael J. Hall

Had a letter the other day from four young men working on the new Jeddah International Airport project, in which they shared some unexpected hospitality they'd received during a trip to Abha.

After commenting on the stark beauty of the mountains and to the road through them, the foursome went on to tell us of their reception in the small mountain village where they ended up spending a night.

It was, they said, "nestled in a high valley, like Shangri-La," and they came upon it as an oasis after a hot day's traveling. Later they learned that the village, Al Agiga, was not that far at all from the legendary Shangri-La.

For a thousand and more years, they were told, it has perched in its mountain top like an eagle's eyrie, almost untouched by the passing of time.

However, it wasn't the beauty of the place that struck the travellers, but the hospitality of its people — led by a young English-speaking man who acted as both host and spokesman for the entire village.

Dinner followed, with the young man's family, the local ulama and neighborhood farmers, and never once did any of those on hand allow "a pause or awkwardness to mar the proceedings or even a thought that there were four strangers present."

And the next morning, the young man, who had introduced himself as Fadel Youssef Al Shahri and said he was an engineering student studying in England, again served as their host for a traditional breakfast of bread, olive oil, dates and tea.

The whole experience gave the four, they said, "an appreciation of hospitality which will long remain in our memories of Saudi Arabia."

I tell their story not because it is something out of the ordinary — although those of us who live amid the hustle and bustle of big cities anywhere might find it so — but just because it is ordinary, an example of the Arabian hospitality we foreigners were told to expect before arriving here.

But I have one problem. I'd like to give credit to the four men who wrote in to tell of their experience. Their letter was beautifully typed. But for the life of me, I'm afraid I can't decipher the handwritten signatures affixed to the bottom.

Still trying to come up with a name for the column, and again I invite contributions. One ne'er-do-well here at *Arab News* suggested, "Mike's Cut Column," but I told him that any more suggestions like that would be deposited where they belong — in the circular file that sits on the floor next to my desk.

A big thank you to readers Crispin Co and Carolyn Goff for sending in their ideas. Deadline for additional suggestions is next Wednesday.

Headline writing isn't my favorite occupation, so beginning next week it's a chore I'll happily consign to oblivion.

Two stories representing opposite poles of the mania people seem to have for getting their name into the record books crossed my desk recently.

In Munich, Australian hypnotist Romonic claimed a world record for putting a Munich housewife to sleep for 200 hours, a record which beat by 32 hours the mark set only four weeks before by a hypnotist named Cally.

On the other side of the world, a former Sri Lankan policeman named W.P. Ananda Upali claimed a world record for staying awake for 14 days and seven hours, breaking the old record set by Maureen Weston of England.

I don't know about you, but I think I'd rather go the hypnotic route. I lose enough sleep to the heat around here as it is.

Finally, here's one about a gentleman who isn't out to set any records, but his goal is nonetheless somewhat bizarre.

Joe Dulwick of Detroit wants to re-enact a sort of Pearl Harbor in reverse. He's spent two years revamping a World War II bomber, and now wants to simulate a bombing run against a freighter over Lake Huron.

He's applied to the U.S. authorities, who say they don't have any objections to the idea.

But there's just one hitch. As Coast Guard Capt. Richard Abrams put it, "First he'll have to find a Japanese freighter captain who'll cooperate."

Spray 'n Wash
America's No. 1 laundry soil & stain remover. Leaves your Laundry spotless clean.

PAGE 14



International

Third day of London conference

Rhodesia talks hung up over white army's future



"If we try to discuss the whole spectrum of subjects at once we are unlikely to make progress," Carrington told delegates after their opening speeches, a conference spokesman reported Tuesday night.

"We must know the direction before it is possible to discuss the route," Carrington added.

Muzorewa's delegation remained silent during subsequent exchanges — described by a conference spokesman as "courteous" — between Carrington and guerrilla leaders over the procedural issue.

The procedural question was still unresolved when Tuesday's 75-minute session ended.

Vance-Dobrynin talks continue

Soviet-U.S. compromise appears likely



But they have called on Americans not to overreact to this issue.

Because of his meeting with Dobrynin, Vance canceled a scheduled appearance Wednesday before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to discuss SALT II.

Several senators have urged that the debate on SALT II be held up until the troops issue is resolved.

Tuesday night Vance gave an hour-long briefing on his previous talks with Dobrynin to Idaho Democratic Sen. Frank Church, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, and Jacob Javits of New York, the senior Republican Party member on the committee.

Both senators told reporters afterwards they would not disclose details of what Vance said since to do so could jeopardize the U.S.-Soviet talks.

"The negotiations have just commenced," added Sen. Church, who said Sunday he believed that SALT II would not get the necessary two-thirds vote in the Senate for ratification unless the Soviet troops were removed.

Church said last night he could not predict how long the talks would last.

Earlier Tuesday Carter said he wanted an additional \$2.7 billion for military spending in a move aimed at calming critics of SALT II.

The request will more than catch up with inflation which has eaten into Carter's \$12 billion defense budget since it went to Congress last January.

Carter clearly was hoping his supplemental request would pacify senators who have demanded more defense spending as their price for supporting SALT II.

"Furthermore, in fiscal year 1981 I plan a further real increase in defense spending," Carter said.

Shift in position

Kennedy now talks of race

tion if he decided to run.

Asked what Kennedy's reaction was to the flood of telephoned offers of support, Southwick said, "he is very gratified with all this."

The *Globe* said a major factor in Kennedy's decision would be not only Carter's "own ability to deal with the economy, but with the American people's conception of how things are."

Carter, besieged by problems over inflation and energy, has seen his public support steadily drop to the lowest point for any president in modern times.

The same polls show Kennedy more than two to one ahead of Carter.

Kennedy up speculation on his possible candidacy last week when he announced that his mother, Rose, and his estranged wife, Joan, had lifted their objections to his running for the presidency.

He withdrew himself as a potential presidential candidate in 1976, saying he had promised his mother that he would not run for president while she was alive.

Two older brothers, President John Kennedy and Sen. Robert Kennedy, were assassinated, the former while in office as president and the latter while campaigning.

A White House spokesman said Monday Carter would hold himself aloof from political controversy for the rest of the year and concentrate on running the government.

The electoral season gets into full swing next February when voters of New Hampshire pick their favorite for Republican and Democratic nominees for the November presidential elections.

Damages still unreported

Earthquake rocks Indonesian island

JAKARTA, Sept. 12 (R) — The world's largest earthquake for more than two years Wednesday rocked islands off Indonesia's eastern province of Irian Jaya, formerly Dutch New Guinea.

The U.S. Geological Survey in Golden, Colorado, said the tremor registered 8.0 on the Richter Scale — the first "great" earthquake of such a magnitude since August, 1977.

There were no immediate reports of casualties or damage.

The center of the quake was given as exactly on Biak Island, north of the mainland coast.

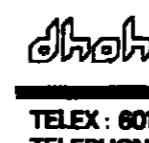
Officials in the provincial capital of Jayapura, some 500 kilometers east of Biak, were still waiting for reports from other parts of the province. They said no tremors were felt in Jayapura itself.

Irian Jaya is Indonesia's easternmost province, some 3,750 kilometers east of Jakarta.

The province comprises almost one-quarter of Indonesian territory but is inhabited by only about one million of the nation's 142 million population.

The last "great" earthquake of magnitude 8.0 or more occurred near Sumbawa Island in Indonesia on August 19, 1977, killing more than 100 people and causing extensive damage.

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Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

Hypochondria is a common enough source of suffering. Its symptom is the ready belief by the sufferer that any illness he hears described is in fact his own. It is to be distinguished from psychosomatic illnesses, where the patient actually induces the symptoms through believing that he has the illness. The second kind of suffering is real enough; although the cause is mental rather than physical. This we leave aside.

After the unpromising conference start, British officials drew comfort from messages sent Tuesday by Liberian President William Tolbert, chairman of the Organization of African Unity and by foreign ministers of Britain's eight partners in the European Economic Community, now meeting in Ireland. The EEC ministers welcomed the conference and urged delegates to seize the opportunity for peace. Tolbert said the African view was that if the conference succeeded it would mark a turning point for all of southern Africa.

The Zimbabwe Rhodesia peace conference which opened here Monday is the latest milestone along a tortured road that began with Rhodesia's break with Britain and could end by plowing the entire African continent into war.

Here, in chronological order, are the main events leading to the current talks aimed at ending a guerrilla war that has so far taken 13,000 lives and giving the former British colony an international acceptable black government.

Nov. 11, 1965 — Prime Minister Ian Smith makes a unilateral declaration of independence after refusing to bow to British pressure to move toward a transfer of power to Rhodesia's black majority.

Nov. 12, 1965 — British Prime Minister Harold Wilson declares Rhodesia's break illegal and an act of rebellion.

Dec. 12, 1965 — Britain imposes total economic sanctions against Rhodesia. They have since been renewed every year.

Dec. 16, 1966 — the United Nations Security Council adopts a British resolution imposing mandatory sanctions on Rhodesia's key exports.

March 2, 1970 — Rhodesia declares itself a republic under a new constitution. The constitution, voted upon by Rhodesian whites perpetuates white rule.

Dec. 21, 1972 — a 20-man guerrilla band loyal to Robert Mugabe blasts a white-owned farm house along the northeast border with Mozambique. The attack marked the start in earnest of the black nationalist try to end white rule by force.

Sept. 24, 1976 — with the bush war escalating, Smith accepts for the first time that blacks will rule the country within two years. Henry Kissinger, then U.S. Secretary of State, had persuaded Smith to accept the new proposals.

Dec. 14, 1976 — a Geneva meeting, called to try and work out a settlement in effect, fizzled out.

Dec. 2, 1977 — Smith, desperate for peace, begins talks with moderate black leaders within the country on the so-called "internal settlement."

April 20, 1979 — Election results are announced, and Muzorewa emerges as the country's first black prime minister. Black African nations and the guerrillas consider the election a sellout to white rule.

JFK bomb threat a dud

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (R) — A celebrity crowd of more than 2,000, including Sen. Edward Kennedy and entertainer Bob Hope, were forced to evacuate Washington's John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts Tuesday night because of an anonymous bomb threat.

After a two-hour search by a bomb nothing was found and the benefit show in aid of Indochinese refugees went on.

Translated from Ashraq Al-Awsat

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